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The Pittsburgh Gazette

FOR THE ACCOMMODATION OF PERSONS leaving the city during the summer months they can have the GAZETTE mailed to their address, by ordering the same at the office, for fifteen cents per week for one week or more.

HON. THOS. WILLIAMS has our thanks for valuable Public Documents.

THAT FORGERY.

The Pittsburgh *Post*, the Philadelphia *Age*, the Harrisburg *Patriot and Union*, the Lancaster *Intelligencer*, and probably all the papers of that stripe in Pennsylvania, gave publicity to an article said to have been copied from the "Salem, (Mass.) *Journal*, Radical," which in terms of coarse exultation, glories in the nomination of Judge Williams as an acknowledgment on the part of the stolid Dutch elements of the superiority of New England men," and afterwards stigmatizes Pennsylvania as a "poor, ignorant, stupid, old Dutch State," and much more of such stuff.

Quick upon the heels of the wretched and overdone fabrication came a statement from the Salem *Register* that no paper bearing the name of the *Journal* is published in that city. In fact any person of common discernment would see at a glance that it was a fabrication, a forgery, and was never written by a friend of Judge Williams; yet it has taken the rounds of the Copperhead press of this State, and not one of them, so far as we have seen, has had the honesty or manliness to state the fact that the journal from which it was said to have been taken has no existence.

Judge Williams and his friends may congratulate themselves upon his unimpeachable character and record when his enemies are obliged to resort to such shameful expedients to excite the prejudices of our people against him. Now will the *Post* of this city state, for its own sake, not for his, that the article in question, and which it published, was a fabrication—that no such paper as the "Salem (Mass.) *Journal*, Radical," exists?

THE IMBROGLIO between the President, Mr. Stanton and General Grant, relative to the removal of General Sheridan, seems to be approaching a culmination one way or other. The affair is affording a rich harvest to gossip mongers, especially such as communicate with the world outside through the columns of the New York *Herald*. If we may believe these rumors, the President has made up his mind that if he cannot *remove* the Secretary of War he will *suspend* him—refuse to hold official intercourse with him and exclude him from meetings of the Cabinet. In the meantime rumor has it that Gen. Grant has assured Generals Sheridan and Pope that they will not be removed, and directs them to go on in the discharge of their duties under the reconstruction laws. *Per contra*, there are other rumors that the President has ordered Gen. Rosseau to Washington, with the intention of confering upon him the command of the Fifth District, which is Sheridan's.

ON SATURDAY last only sixty-four feet of the great tunnel on the summit of the Sierra Nevada, on the Central Pacific Railroad, remained to be cut. On the 10th it is expected that the first locomotive and train will run through. It will be remembered that operations on that road commenced at Sacramento and have been pushed eastward thus far. This great tunnel is very nearly a hundred miles northeast of Sacramento; and as the summit of the Sierra Nevada (7,000 feet high) has been surmounted, a communication between California and Nevada has been established. As the latter State is rich in minerals, especially silver, and as it has hitherto been most difficult of access, this opening up of a railway communication is a matter of great importance. It is remarkable that the greatest feat in engineering ever achieved in the world should be accomplished in a region which the feet of civilized men have only trodden about a score of years.

THE COLORED PORTION of our population yesterday held a celebration at Union Park, Allegheny, commemorative of the West India emancipation. On the 1st instant was held a similar celebration at Iron City Park, this city. Both affairs were largely attended by colored folks, and passed off in a highly gratifying manner. It is worthy of notice that not a single case of drunkenness or disorder marred the enjoyment of either celebration, and that the entertainments afforded at both were high-toned, intellectual and rational. The colored people hereabouts have ever enjoyed a reputation as peaceable and law-abiding, and the order and dignity of the last two public affairs in which they participated so largely, have added much to their character.

FOR THE BENEFIT of our manufacturers who may desire to exhibit their wares at the forthcoming State and Provincial fairs we publish a tabular list of time and place of such exhibitions so far as announced:

Pennsylvania	Pittsburgh	Sept 24-27
California		Sept 9-14
Canada West	Kingston	Sept 23-27
Iowa	Clinton	Oct 1-4
Indiana	Terre Haute	Sept30-Oct4
Illinois	Quincy	Sept30-Oct5
Kentucky	Louisville	Sept 17-20
Ohio	Lawrence	Sept 24-27
Minnesota	Rochester	October 1-4
Missouri	St. Louis	Oct 7-12
Maryland	Baltimore	Oct 29-31
Michigan	Detroit	Sept 16-18
New Hampshire	Nasnau	Sept 10-12
New England	Providence, R. I.	Sept 3-6
New York	Buffalo	October 1-4
Ohio	Dayton	Sept 23-27
Vermont	Brattleboro	Sept 10-13
Wisconsin	Madison	Sept 23-27
Washington City		October 28

IN JUNE last the Republican Convention for Lancaster county, instructed the County Committee to have the local candidates to be voted for at the next election, nominated according to the "Crawford County System;" that is, to allow the Republican voters in the different precincts to select by ballot from the persons offering which should be accepted as candidates. The County Committee, after considerable discussion, have rejected these instructions, and issued a call for a delegate convention, after the old fashion.

THE POSTPONEMENT by GARIBALDI of his projected movement against Rome, may be taken as interpreting what the Emperor NAPOLEON meant by his recent note concerning the old French fortifications surrounding that city. It also explains the confidence maintained by the Pope, notwithstanding the menacing attitude of the Liberals. He knew in whom he trusted.

THE POPULATION OF MILWAUKEE, as based on a new directory of the city, is set down at seventy-six thousand. At the rate of increase made during the last few years, the "Cream" city expects to astonish the world in the 1870 census, with a population of an hundred thousand.

THE Republicans of Perry county have nominated JOSEPH W. FRANK for Assembly.

Pittsburgh Gazette.

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VOLUME LXXXII.—NO. 181. PITTSBURGH, THURSDAY, AUGUST 8, 1867. PRICE THREE CENTS.

GENERAL NEWS.

—Baltimore has 73,480 householders.

—The CZAR is investing in needle guns.

—Tennessee has thirteen cotton factories running.

—The principal gymnast at a Paris circus is a large monkey.

—Ristori is studying Marie Antoinette for the express purpose of indicting this country.

—A Connecticut beggar, while whining for a crust of bread, stole a set of false teeth to eat it.

—English ladies are adopting the fashion of wearing belts with a small dagger attached.

—Mrs. Prentiss, of Ridgefield, Ohio, has reached the ripe old age of one hundred and one.

—Thieves; both burglarious and highway, abound in the northern region of Ohio and Indiana.

—A short-hand reporter has challenged a local reporter in St. Louis. Each hopes to "take down" the other.

—A man ninety years old fell down stairs in Warren, Pa., a few days ago, and was instantly killed.

—There are no less than five lawsuits pending in the English courts concerning the steamship Great Eastern.

—A flour merchant in Ohio has his life insured for 300,000. He isn't anxious about the fall of Breadstuffs.

—The dog-killing business in New York is accomplished by five men. They make about $400 each this season.

—A Washington genius wants money to start an aerial mail line, to run from that city to New York in three hours.

—They are racing carrier pigeons between Cologne and Brussels. The fastest time made is 110 miles in three hours.

—Five companies are mining silver in Jackson county, Va. The principal vein is about four hundred feet below the surface.

—The summer resorts along the Hudson are sparingly patronized this season, a large proportion being comparatively empty.

—Somebody is evidently determined to burn of all the breweries in Chicago. No less than four have been burned within a week.

—Jordan Potter, of Wiscasset, Me., recently drove a nail into his own head, while partially insane, and died from the effects a few days after.

—Fifteen hippopotamus hides were recently sent to a tannery in Boston, Mass., to be tanned. They were in halves, and weighed together 3,400 pounds.

—When Hunnicutt said he wanted to treat every man like a brother, the Richmond negroes crowded round him gleefully. They expected an invitation to drink, but were disappointed.

—The London *Railway News* says: "The extraordinary number of advertisements of properties to be sold now to be seen daily is proof of the wide spread ruin which has followed the long round of indiscriminate Stock Exchange speculation, but which does not publicly show itself."

CLASSICAL JOKES.

—Pope Adrian Sixth was talking with the Duke of Sesa, "That Pasquil gave great scandal, and that he would have him thrown in the river!" But Sesa answered, "Do not, holy father, for then he will turn frog; and whereas now he chants but by day, he will then chant by day and night."

—The Turks made an expedition into Persia, and, because of the strait jaws of the mountains of Armenia, the Bashaws consulted long which way they should get in. One, hearing the debate, said: "Here is much ado how you shall get in; but I hear nobody take care how you shall get out." Which in fact they never did.

—Crassus, the orator, had a fish which the Roman called "Muræna," that he made very tame and fond of him. The fish died, and Crassus wept for it. One day, during a dispute with Domitius, in the Senate, Domitius said, "Foolish Crassus, you wept for your 'Muræna.'" Crassus replied: "That is more than you did for both your wives!"

—Demetrius, King of Macedon, would at times retire from business and give himself wholly to pleasures. In one of these occasions, giving out that he was sick, his father, Antigonus, came suddenly to visit him, and met a fair damsel coming out of his room. When Antigonus came in, Demetrius said: "Sir, the fever has just left me," Antigonus replied: "I think it was it I just met at the door."

—The Romans made a law against the bribery and extortion of the governors of the provinces. Sicero, in one of his speeches to the people, said "that he thought the provinces would petition Rome to have that law repealed. For before, the governors did bribe and extort as much as was sufficient for themselves; but now they bribe and extort as much as may be enough not only for themselves, but for the judges, jurors and magistrates."

—Michael Angelo, the famous painter, painting in Pope Clement's chapel the portraiture of hell and damned souls, made one of the damned souls so like a cardinal that was his enemy, that everybody knew it at first sight. The cardinal complained to the Pope, and asked that it be defaced. The Pope said to him: "Why you know very well I have power to deliver a soul out of purgatory, but not out of hell."

—There was one that died greatly in debt. When it was reported in company where divers of his creditors were, that he was dead, one began to say: "Well, if he be gone, then he hath carried five hundred ducats of mine into the next world;" and another said, "And two hundred of mine;" and a third spoke of great sums of his. Phocion said: "I perceive now, that though a man cannot carry any of his own with him into the next world, yet he may carry away that which is another man's."

—Dionysius, the tyrant, after he was deposed and brought to Corinth, kept a school. Among those who visited him was one who, when he came in, opened his mantle and shook his clothes, thinking to give Dionysius a gentle scorn—for the tyrant, when in power, required that ceremony of every one who came in his presence, that they might not thereby carry concealed weapons to do him injury. But Dionysius said to him: "I prithee do so rather when thou goest out, that we may see thou stealest nothing."

—Clodius being prosecuted by Cæsar for impiety, summoned Cicero as a witness. Clodius attempted an *alibi*, but Cicero maintained otherwise. The jury, however, composed of fifty-seven, acquitted Clodius. Whereupon, one day in the Senate, Cicero and Clodius being in altercation, Clodius upbraided him, and said: "The jury gave you no credit." Cicero answered: "Five and twenty gave me credit; but there were two and thirty who gave you no credit, for they had their money before hand." Clodius was acquitted by a corrupt jury, that had probably taken shares of money. Before they gave in their verdict, they demanded of the Senate a guard, as Clodius was a very seditious young man, Catalus, the next day, seeing some of them together, said to them: "What made you ask of us a guard? Were you afraid your money should be taken from you?"

—Phocion, when general of the Athenian army, used to dress very mean, always going barefooted and sometimes without his upper garment, except it happened to be intolerably cold; and then his soldiers used to laugh and say: "It is a sign of a sharp winter; Phocion has got his clothes on." The Athenians once insisted on his leading them against the enemy, and when he refused, they told him nothing could be more dastardly and spiritless than his behavior. He answered, "You can neither make me valiant, nor can I make you cowards; however, we know one another very well." Having a difference with Botians, which they refused to settle by treaty, and proposed to decide by the sword, Procion said: "My good people, keep to the method in which you have the advantage—that is, talking and not fighting." Lycurgus, the orator, one day said many disparaging things, and among the rest observed that when Alexander demanded ten of their orators, (politicians,) Phocion gave them a question that they should be delivered to him. "It is true," said Phocion, "I have given the Athenians much good advice, but they do not follow it. Aristogiton, a public informer, paraded with his intended valor before the Athenians, and pressed them to declare war. But when the lists came to be made out, this swaggerer appeared with his arm bound up and a crutch in his hand. Phocion, as he sat upon the business, seeing him at some distance, called, "Put down Aristogiton, a cripple and coward!" Afterward, Aristogiton was in prison, when he sent for Phocion to come and see him. The latter's friends tried to dissuade him from going, but Phocion said: "Let me alone, good people. Where would one rather wish to speak with Aristogiton than in prison?" Alexander wrote to the Athenians for a supply of ships, and the orators opposing it, the Senate asked Phocion his opinion. "I am of opinion," said he, "that you should either have the sharpest sword, or else keep on terms with those who have."

FIRST EDITION.

MIDNIGHT.

THE PRESIDENT AND THE SECRETARY OF WAR.

Correspondence Between Them

MR. STANTON STILL AT HIS POST.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

WASHINGTON, August 7, 1867.

The following is the correct text of the correspondence which recently passed between the President and Secretary of War:

Executive Mansion, Washington, August 5, 1867.—SIR:—Public considerations of a high character constrain me to say that your resignation as Secretary of War will be accepted. Very respectfully,

[Signed.] ANDREW JOHNSON.

To Hon. Edwin M. Stanton, Sec'y of War.

To which the Secretary replied as follows:

War Department, August 5, 1867.—SIR: Your note of this date has been received, stating that public considerations of a high character constrain you to say that my resignation as Secretary of War will be accepted. In reply, I have the honor to say that public considerations of a high character, which alone have induced me to continue at the head of this Department, constrain me not to resign the office of Secretary of War before the next meeting of Congress. Very respectfully, yours,

(Signed) EDWIN M. STANTON.

To the President.

No further action has been taken by the President, and the Secretary of War remains at the Department transacting business as usual.

CHOLERA ON SHIPBOARD.

Emigration Commissioners' Investigation.

BAD FOOD—BAD WATER—NO DOCTOR —NO DRUG STORE ON BOARD.

Twenty Passengers Murdered.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NEW YORK, August 7, 1867.

The report of the Committee of Commissioners of Emigration, relative to seventeen deaths from cholera aboard the Austrian ship Guiseppe Baccarich, says the bread was mouldy and disgusting. There was neither sugar nor tea on board; the potatoes were insufficient in quality; the treatment of the passengers was most shocking, and the great mortality among them was in consequence of bad food and water; there was neither a doctor nor even a drug store on board. All these outrages and cruelties were committed to save a few hundred dollars. The twenty passengers who have died on board have been murdered, the report emphatically states, by A. Strauss & Co., of Antwerp. The surviving passengers have been informed of the legal remedy they have against this firm, for damages sustained, and the dead they have lost, and several have already engaged counsel.

EXCHANGE OF PRISONERS.

Gen. Butler's Report.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NEW YORK, August 7.—The *Tribune* publishes General Butler's report, as Commissioner of Exchange, during a portion of the rebellion, from which it appears that in December, 1863, he found the Confederate Generals anxious to exchange man for man, but the Confederate Government refused to treat with Gen. Butler on the ground that he commanded negro troops. Notification to that effect was sent to our Government, which refused to admit the right of the Confederate authorities to outlaw our officers. Exchange continued until March, 1864, when Gen. Butler had an interview with Commissioner Ould, which convinced him that retaliation would compel the rebels to abandon their refusal to exchange colored soldiers. The government, informed of these facts, reversed the matter to General Grant, who, in April, directed General Butler to decline, until otherwise ordered, all further negotiations, and shortly after instructed him to announce the determination of the rebels to make a distinction between white and colored persons as a refusal on their part to agree to further exchange. Butler was also instructed to receive all the sick and wounded the rebels would give up, but to cease exchanging. In June, 1864, when the rebels offered to renew the exchange, man for man, Gen. Grant then telegraphed the following important order:

"It is hard on our men to be held in southern prisons and not to exchange them, but it is humanity to those left in the ranks to fight our battles. Every man released on parole or otherwise becomes an active soldier against us at once, directly or indirectly. If we commence a system of exchange which will liberate all prisoners taken, we will have to fight on until the south is exterminated. We will hold those caught, they amount to no more than dead men. At this particular time to release all rebel prisoners in the north would be Sherman's defeat, and would compromise our safety here."

FROM CHARLESTON.

The Firm of Frazier & Co. vs. United States—The Army Worm in the Sea Islands.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

CHARLESTON, August 7.—The counsel of John Frazier & Co. have prepared a lengthy answer to the bill of complaint filed against them by the government in the United States District Court. They deny the allegation that the Charleston firm were the agents for the Confederate Government for the purpose alleged in the bill, and rest their case upon the pleadings made by the Liverpool firm in England, and upon the settlement there agreed upon as a conclusion of the controversy. The Charleston house will move a dissolution of the injunction restraining them from the use of their property. The case will probably be heard by U. S. Judge Bryan, now sitting in Greenville. Hon. James B. Campbell and Hon. A. J. Mackey are counsel for the defendants. It is understood Hon. Caleb Cushing will represent the Government. The case will probably go on appeal before the U. S. Supreme Court.

The army worm has made its appearance among the cotton on several of the Sea Islands between here and Savannah.

OUTRAGE BY INDIANS.

Train Thrown from the Track and Burned—Train Men Slaughtered and Thrown Into the Flames.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

CHICAGO, August 7.—A special from Omaha to-day, says a freight train on the Union Pacific Railroad was thrown from the track last night at Plum Creek Station by Indians. The engineer, fireman and brakemen were killed. The merchandize was burned. It is also reported that three or four men at the Station were killed. "Pilot Knob" is supposed to have been committed by "Spotted Tails" band, who have been feeding at the Omaha Agency for some time.

The steamer Silver Lake, arrived from Fort Benton, was fired into by Indians forty miles above Fort Rice, and one of the crew wounded.

Another dispatch says the Indians attacked the freight train near Plum Creek, last night, and threw it from the track, piling ties upon the road, killed and scalped seven train men, set fire to the train, destroying it entirely, and threw the slaughtered bodies into the flames.

FROM BALTIMORE.

Arrival of Mrs. Jeff. Davis—The Austrian Delegation En Route to Mexico.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

BALTIMORE, August 7.—Mrs. Jeff. Davis arrived to-day from Charleston, and proceeds to-morrow to join her husband in Canada.

Admiral Tegethoff and the Austrian delegation to recover the remains of Maximilian leave here to-morrow for Richmond, where they take the steamboat for New Orleans, whence an American ship of war will take them to Mexico.

Swindle by a Pork Packer.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

MILWAUKEE, August 7.—Messrs. Plunkinton & Armour, while shipping a quantity of pork and lard, yesterday, were surprised at no leakage with the thermometer at 90. The mystery was solved with an auger, when the barrels were found to contain sand and salt. The swindle was perpetrated by a pork packer last spring, whereby he realized some twenty thousand dollars. Mr. White was arrested last night while returning from a pic-nic.

Crops in Ohio.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

CINCINNATI, Aug. 7.—Advices from the interior are very unfavorable for the growing crops, and especially corn, the roots of which had been thrown out close to the surface, owing to the constant wet weather in June and July, and now when the drought comes it is drying up at the most critical time, when it was tasselling. The late tomatoes will be a bad failure; the weather continues dry and hot.

Disaster and Loss of Life at Sea.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

BOSTON, Aug. 7.—The bark Eva H. Fisk, from New York, bound to Cadiz, put in here, having been damaged in a gale and losing the mate, cook and one seaman overboard.

FROM EUROPE.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

PRUSSIA.

NORTH GERMAN PARLIAMENT.

BERLIN, August 7.—The second session of the Parliament of the North German Confederation will commence on the 27th inst. in this city.

ANXIETY CONCERNING THE MEXICAN MINISTER.

BERLIN, August 7.—*Evening.*—The Prussian Government have become anxious for the safety of Baron Von Magnus, Minister resident at the City of Mexico. At last accounts the Baron had successfully intervened to save the life of Maximilian and the hostility of the Mexican leaders. No despatches from him have been received for a long time, and nothing is known as to his condition. The Government has taken measures to ascertain definitely whether the Juarez authorities have treated its Minister in a manner contrary to the law of nations.

THE CHESSEPOT RIFLE.

A Prussian army commission, appointed to examine the Chessepot rifle, the favorite arm of the French service, after subjecting it to a series of practical and scientific tests, have reported against its adoption by the Prussian War Department.

SOUTH GERMAN STATES.

STUTGART, August 7—*Evening.*—A convention of the prominent members of the Liberal party of Southern Germany, held today, adopted resolutions urging the southern States of Germany to unite with the North German Confederation.

ENGLAND.

THE BRIGHTON RACES.

LONDON, Aug. 7.—The second day of the Brighton races was signalled by a running match for the Brighton cup, for a purse by Moulsey. Tyndal was second and Lecturer third. The pursery stakes were won by Ceil. Persian second and Chantilly third.

ARRIVED OUT.

LONDON, August 7.—The steamship St. Patrick, from Quebec, has arrived.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LONDON, August 7—*Noon.*—Consols, 90¾. Five-Twenties, 73½; Illinois Central, 77¼; Erie, 39½; Atlantic and Great Western, 26¾.

LIVERPOOL, August 7—*Noon.*—Cotton closed firm; middling uplands, 10½d; Orleans, 10½d. Sales to-day 1200 bales. Breadstuffs—Corn 30s 6d for new mixed; Western Wheat 10s 10d. Barley, oats and peas unchanged. Provisions—Bacon advanced to 44s. Beef 112s 6d. Pork 75s. Produce—spirits petroleum declined.

FRANKFORT, August 7—*Evening.*—United States bonds, 77¾.

FROM WASHINGTON.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

THE REMOVAL OF SECRETARY STANTON.

NEW YORK, August 7.—The *Herald's* special says: The Secretary of War has refused the President's polite invitation to retire from office. The President's note is very brief, only four lines in length, and simply states that grave public considerations constrain him to request Mr. Stanton's resignation. Mr. Stanton's answer was also very brief, and intended to be severe and cutting. It is not decided what step Mr. Johnson will next take, but I think he will notify Mr. Stanton that he is no longer Secretary of War, and must vacate forthwith. After the adjournment of the Cabinet meeting the President was closeted with his secretaries for two hours, as reported, and it is supposed it had reference to the Stanton imbroglio. The subject of Stanton's removal has been the absorbing topic of conversation all day in and out doors, and there has been much speculation to learn what will next transpire. Among prominent Republicans who will be summoned, and consider all the testimony in the case on both sides. You will not disregard or reject the testimony of any witness, unless satisfied he has been shown to be unworthy of pure evidence, by reason of his want of character for truth, by impeaching himself or flatly contradicted by others of better credit, or by dishonesty of purpose manifested by his conduct and manner in testifying before you.

In conclusion, you will take the case with the honest purpose to do justice to the United States and the defendant, bearing in mind that it is the office of the law to secure the punishment of the guilty and protection of the innocent. In this way you will reach the honest and intelligent conviction of your judgment and conscientious, is not guilty, as to prosecute by your verdict, giving a lesson of assurance that a court of justice is the asylum of innocence. On the contrary, if guilty, pronounce him guilty, and by your verdict furnish a guarantee to the intended victims of guilt, and a testimonial to the country and world that the District of Columbia, a part of the Constitution of the United States as a theatre for the exercise of federal power, gives judicial protection to the rights encompassed in an evident intention to defraud.

A hearing was had before Alderman Donaldson on yesterday in a case where, perhaps, the prosecutor had grounds for making the information, yet had he stated the whole case to the magistrate it would not have been entertained. It would simply have saved several dollars, as the case was dismissed at his cost. The facts in the case are as follows: David Acor, as agent for his brother, sold to William Fitzpatrick, a wagon, for which he was to pay the sum of forty dollars. At the time of the transaction Fitzpatrick represented that he owned the house in which he then resided, in the Ninth ward, and Acor deeming this sufficient security for the amount, the wagon was to be paid for at the convenience of the purchaser. Fitzpatrick having no intention whatever to defraud Acor, paid two instalments on the wagon, amounting to twelve dollars, and evidently intended to pay the balance as soon as possible. A few days since Acor called on him for the balance of the purchase money, and was offered four dollars, Fitzpatrick stating that he could raise no more. Acor refused to receive, saying that he would have it all or none. Not having the money, and feeling a desire to settle the matter, Fitzpatrick told him to take the wagon, and he would allow him six dollars for the use of it. On the next day and after an information was made before Alderman Donaldson, by Acor against Fitzpatrick, charging him with obtaining goods under false pretenses. A warrant was issued upon which he was arrested, on Tuesday, and in default of bail was committed to jail for a hearing, which was had at four o'clock yesterday, when upon an investigation of the case, the above facts were brought to light. The Alderman very properly dismissed the case at the cost of the prosecutor and discharged the prisoner. This is only one instance, and we have not the least doubt but the great majority of the cases for false pretenses are as destitute of foundation as the one related, proof of which is afforded in the very limited number which reach the Court.

There is material in the above case for another prosecution, and Mr. Acor will be lucky if he escapes being held answerable for false imprisonment.

—If the Legislature of 1867 did, that some magistrates not unfrequently allow themselves to be *used* by prosecutors in false pretense cases, the "further hearing" lodge serving the purpose of frightening debtors into payment of claims against them, particularly after having had a taste of imprisonment, in order to secure "covering their tracks" by dismissing the case on second hearing, and the per centage received for bail service easing their conscience of compunctions of misdemeanor.

FROM TENNESSEE.

Military Withdrawn—Murder by a Bar-Keeper—Steamboat Mate Killed—Grand Jury Duty.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NASHVILLE, August 7.—The military were withdrawn from Franklin to-day.

At Clarksville, on Saturday night, Thos. McVaigh was shot dead by the young bar-keeper who recently killed Nick Creyg, the guerrilla.

On Sunday the mate of the steamer J. L. Graham was shot and killed in a difficulty with a young man in Clarksville.

The fall returns are not yet in. Brownlow's majority will be over 10,000.

FROM NEW ORLEANS.

The New City Government—Its Initiatory Acts Encouraging.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NEW ORLEANS, August 7.—The *Picayune* says the first acts of the new City Council is encouraging. A resolution has been sent to the Finance Committee adopting and legalizing all outstanding city issues as on an equal footing, and requesting Council to arrest further issue and do all in their power to relieve the circulation.

CIRCULAR TO STEAMBOAT INSPECTORS.

Secretary McCulloch issued a circular notifying inspectors that the vessels which they are required, under the inspection laws, once every year to inspect the hull, boilers, machinery and equipment of each steamer belonging to their district, and to approve of the same before granting certificates. This inspection includes the locked safety valves as well as the gauges.

ORDERED TO RESUME HIS DUTIES.

Brevet Major General A. Baird, Assistant Inspector General, is ordered to resume his duties in the Department of the Lakes.

FROM NEW YORK.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

BRITISH DETECTIVE SUPPOSED TO BE MURDERED.

A rumor is current, with the appearance of credibility, that the body of the man found in the river a fortnight ago, with a bullet hole through his head, has proved to be that of a British detective, who had been sleuthing some Fenians whose movements he was investigating.

THE FENIANS.

It is understood the control of the Stephens branch of the Fenian Brotherhood is to be confided to Gen. Sweeny. The Roberts Convention will be held at Cleveland about the 3d of September.

FROM HAVANA.

Yellow Fever Attacking Natives—Spanish Coelin Ship Burned.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NEW YORK, August 7.—The steamer Morro Castle brings Havana advices to the 3d.

The yellow fever was beginning to attack the natives.

The Spanish ship J. A. V., in the Coolie trade, took fire and was burned to the water's edge at Havana.

Sugars are inactive but firm at 8½@8¾ reals for No. 12.

Indian Commission.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

YORK SCLLY, Dakota Territory, July 24.—The Indian Commission to visit the Northwest Indian tribes, of which General Sully is President, is now on its way by land down the Missouri river, en route to Washington. They expect to reach there before the first of September.

Fenian Meeting in New Jersey.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

TRENTON, August 7.—At a large Fenian meeting last evening, James Gibbons, M.D., McWilliams and John Egan made addresses, in which it was particularly denounced that President Roberts is now, or ever has been, in league with the Red Republicans of Italy.

Chicago Oil Refinery Burned.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

CHICAGO, August 7.—Fairbank, Peck & Co.'s oil refinery was destroyed by fire this morning. Loss on building and stock, $125,000; insured for $105,000.

River Items.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

LOUISVILLE, Aug. 7.—The River is rising, with three feet four inches in the Canal.

FROM RICHMOND.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

RICHMOND, August 7.—Judge Underwood has granted an injunction against the James River and Kanawha Canal Company to stop a sale of their property declared insolvent. This action was on the motion of George Chatoen, United States Commissioner, who represents about a quarter million dollars of credits.

FROM MEXICO.

The Escobedo Letter Concerning Foreigners Pronounced a Forgery.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NEW YORK, August 7.—General Berrizobal, in a letter dated Matamoras, July 27th, to Gomez, General Navaro, pronounces the stupid and savage letter about foreigners, attributed to Escobedo, a forgery.

The Saratoga Races.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

SARATOGA, August 7.—The races opened to-day with a brilliant prospect. The first race, purse $500, mile heats, best three in five, was won by Ruthless, the Lexington Colt being second, and Decourcy third. Time 1.46, 1.47, 1.47.

In the second race, two mile heats, for all ages, four horses started, namely: Fleetwing, Flora McIver, Connelly and Morrissey. Fleetwing took the first and second heats, and Flora McIver the second heat. Time 3.38, 3.44, and 3.41. Morrissey was distanced in the second heat.

Shot His Wife by Mistake.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

MEMPHIS, August 7.—A man named Wood, keeper of the Navy Yard boarding house, while attempting to shoot one Haugh last night, shot his wife through the heart. He was arrested and is now in jail.

Reporters Excinded.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

ST. LOUIS, Mo., August 7.—The Indian Commissioners excluded reporters at their meeting to-day and nothing is therefore known of their proceedings.

Revenue Cutter Sold.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

BOSTON, August 7.—The revenue cutter Pawtucket was sold at auction to-day for $25,000 to parties in this city, and will be dispatched to China.

Title Amicably Settled.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

MCGRANSON, Iowa, August 7.—The legal controversy involving the title to land in this city has been amicably settled.

Henderson's Carminative.—

A certain cure for Diarrhœa, Cramp in the Stomach or Bowels, Cholera Morbus, &c., as contains nothing irritating or injurious to the stomach. It is cheap and infallible. Every family that tries it once will keep it on hand ready for immediate use. Sold by all druggists. aug 2-w.

Cold Sparkling Soda Water at J. T. Sample's Drug Store, No. 28 Federal street, Allegheny.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK, A. M.

THE SURRATT CASE.

Charge of Judge Fisher.

THE CASE GONE TO THE JURY.

WAITING FOR THE VERDICT.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

WASHINGTON, August 7, 1867.

In the Surratt case to-day, after some discussion upon immaterial points, Judge Fisher charged the jury at length, concluding as follows:

From the observations which I have addressed to you, you will infer,

First, That a conspiracy formed in time of war to take the life of the President and Vice President of the Republic, and the heads of the Executive Departments, for the purpose or aiding the enemies of the Federal Government, by throwing it into anarchy and confusion, is treason, as heinous and horrible to the people of this country as compassing the death of the King or Queen of Great Britain is to the subjects of that realm.

Second, That every person engaged in such conspiracy, as long as he continues a member of it, is responsible, not only for the acts of treason, but for any murder or less crime which may flow from it.

Third, That the Government may waive the charge of conspiracy against any or all of the conspirators, and proceed against them for the smaller crime of murder, included in the greater crime of treason.

Fourth, That it was not necessary to aver in the indictment the fact that Abraham Lincoln, the victim of murder, was, at the time of its commission, President of the United States, or to prove it, in order to allow the jury to take that fact into account in determining the heinous character of the offence in which the Court will take judicial cognizance.

Sixth, That he who does an act by another, does it by himself, and is responsible for its consequences, in criminal as well as in civil cases.

Seventh, That although an *alibi*, when clearly established, is complete and unanswerable defence, mere absence from the immediate scene of a crime, resulting from conspiracy interpreted of and abandoned by the party, will not avail him, if he were at some other place assigned him, performing his part in that conspiracy.

Eighth, That the testimony of Payne, made out, always regarded with suspicion, and a circumstance weighing against him who adduces it, is admissible as implies an admission of the truth of the facts alleged against him and the correctness of the language drawn from them.

Ninth, That he who flees from the scene of crime, the fabrication of false accounts, the concealment of instruments of violence, are circumstances implicating him.

Tenth. Although a confession in the slightest degree tainted with a promise of favor, or a threat of injury, were it admitted as evidence against him who makes it, yet if made freely and voluntarily is one of the surest proofs of guilt.

As to the credibility of the witnesses you are to be the exclusive judges. You see them face to face. You know whether they are confirmed by witnesses worthy of credit, or other circumstances. You are to judge whether their testimony has been impeached, and consider every matter that will shed any light as to what has been truthfully or falsely supposed by any witness. You will diligently consider, compare and carefully weigh and consider all the testimony in the case on both sides. You will not disregard or reject the testimony of any witness, unless satisfied he has been shown to be unworthy of pure evidence, by reason of his want of character for truth, by impeaching himself or flatly contradicted by others of better credit, or by dishonesty of purpose manifested by his conduct and manner in testifying before you.

In conclusion, you will take the case with the honest purpose to do justice to the United States and the defendant, bearing in mind that it is the office of the law to secure the punishment of the guilty and protection of the innocent. In this way you will reach the honest and intelligent conviction of your judgment and conscientious, is not guilty, as to prosecute by your verdict, giving a lesson of assurance that a court of justice is the asylum of innocence. On the contrary, if guilty, pronounce him guilty, and by your verdict furnish a guarantee to the intended victims of guilt, and a testimonial to the country and world that the District of Columbia, a part of the Constitution of the United States as a theatre for the exercise of federal power, gives judicial protection to the rights encompassed in the persons of public servants, commissioned by the people of the nation to do their work, safe and sacred from the presence of unpunished assassins within its limits.

The jury retired to their rooms at twenty minutes before twelve o'clock.

WAITING FOR THE VERDICT.

12 p. m. Judge Fisher went home.

Rumors are flying that the jury stands in favor of acquittal.

The prisoner was taken from the jail to-day.

Judge Fisher returned at 6:30, but as nothing had been heard from the jury, he subsequently left home, and an evening order, calling the jury into the Court House to be kept in custody, was given.

Supper was brought into the Court House for the jury room.

Throughout the court room hangs on, and now as few are fast asleep. The room is dimly lighted with candles. Among the spectators remaining were half a dozen females.

At ten o'clock Judge Fisher again took his position upon the bench, and was informed that the jury had stated that there was no prospect of the jury agreeing.

The Judge stated he would go home. He would not order recess, but it was understood he would not be here to receive the verdict until to-morrow morning. Some of the jurors are comfortably disposed on pallets and others are trying to convince each other to their views.

FROM WASHINGTON.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

WASHINGTON, August 7, 1867.

KANSAS TRUST LANDS.

The Secretary of the Interior has decided, in the applications, that he has no authorize the sale of the residue of the trust lands in Kansas, but to await the action of the next session of Congress, which will probably provide for the disposition of the lands in a different way.

NATIONAL FAIR.

A grand national agricultural exhibition and horse fair will be held at the National Race Course, near Washington, on the 28th of October. The premium lists in money and medals amount to twenty thousand dollars.

CLERK RESIGNATION.

Dr. Frederick Wooster Owen, chief clerk of the Freedmen's Bureau, has resigned, to take effect

The Pittsburgh Gazette

THURSDAY, AUGUST 8, 1867.

THE REMOVAL OF SHERIDAN.

The President is resolved, if possible, to remove General SHERIDAN from the command of the military district of Louisiana and Texas, and claims the right to do so in virtue of his office, (as declared in the express terms of the Constitution,) of Commander in Chief of the Army and Navy of the United States. On the other hand, Gen. GRANT takes the ground that, under the late Supplemental Act of Congress, the discretion and power in the premises rest solely in himself as General of the Army of the United States. In this opinion he is supported by Chief Justice CHASE and by Brigadier General RAWLINS, his Chief of Staff, who has the reputation of being a very able lawyer.

The supplemental reconstruction act of July expressly declares the true intent and meaning of the Act of March 2d, 1867, to be, that the Governments then existing in the Rebel States "were not legal, State Governments, and if continued at all, were to be continued subject in all respects to the military commanders of the respective districts, *and to the paramount authority of Congress.*"

"Section 3. *The General of the Army of the United States* shall be entrusted with all the powers of suspension, removal and appointment granted in the preceding section to Diserict Commanders."

Nothing can be clearer than that this section invests the General of the Army with supreme authority over the administration of the laws of Congress in those rebel States, Congress alone having paramount authority in the premises.

In the fourth section it is declared that "it shall be the DUTY of such commander to remove from office as aforesaid all persons who are disloyal to the government of the United States, or who use their official influence in any manner to hinder, delay, prevent or obstruct the due and proper administration of this act, and the acts to which it is supplementary."

This is precisely what General SHERIDAN did, and for the doing of which the President wishes to remove him; but General GRANT, under the express powers conferred upon him by law, as expressed in the third section, quoted above, cannot permit this to be done without a violation of his own duty. Perhaps the President thinks that this is not constitutional law, as President BUCHANAN thought there was no power granted by the Constitution to coerce a rebellious or a seceding State; but be this as it may, it is very certain that the Constitution does not authorize him to decide upon the constitutionality of any act of Congress. His business is to see that the laws are faithfully executed. And if Congress sees proper to make an extraordinary provision for an extraordinary emergency, and clothe certain officers with extraordinary powers, he has no more right to interfere with those officers in the discharge of their duties under the law, than he has to enter the chamber of the Supreme Court and dictate to it as to the discharge of its appropriate functions.

The duties imposed by this law upon the General of the Army and those under his command, are extra military, special, definite, and extraordinary; and the law, in express terms, excludes interference from any quarter, with the full, free and unobstructed discharge of those duties.

THE PRESIDENT construes the Office Tenure Act to provide that he may not remove at pleasure any office holder whom he appointed, but may remove at pleasure any office holder appointed by any of his predecessors in the Presidency. Mr. STANTON was not appointed Secretary of War by President JOHNSON, but by President LINCOLN. Upon the accession of Mr. JOHNSON, after the assassination of Mr. LINCOLN, he requested Mr. STANTON to hold over, which he has done up to this time. It is understood that Mr. STANTON, on various occasions, has differed from the President as to the best course to be pursued; though he has in most instances done what the President desired. This was an infelicity of his subordination. Since the passage of the Office Tenure bill, Mr. STANTON has naturally stiffened up. He has felt that he was something more than a clerk to the President. Hence he has asserted his own views with increased strength; as upon the propoaition to remove Gen. SHERIDAN. This so incensed the President that he resolved to be rid of the contumacious Secretary. Following the customary course in such cases, he signified to Mr. STANTON that his resignation would be acceptable. That gentleman, believing his case to be fully covered by the Office Tenure Act, refuses to give in his resignation. The President has now but two choices, either to let Mr. STANTON remain, or to forcibly eject him. The latter choice would be in keeping with the natural violence of the President; but, it is possible, he will listen to maturer counsel.

SEVERAL DAYS AGO four members of the "National Union State Central Committee," which own the JOHNSON machine in Pennsylvania, had an interview with the President at Washington. Forthwith various contradictory reports of what was said were sent over the country. In commenting on the subject, we stated what these conflicting rumors were, and used them to show the unreliability of most accounts from the National capital.

We are now in receipt of a letter from the Chairman of the aforesaid Committee, complaining of our remarks, and asking us to copy a long article from his newspaper, the *Daily News*, relative to the interview in question. Now, we esteem Mr. FLANIGAN as a gentleman, and should be glad to please him, but cannot do what he asks, for the plain reason that his article throws no light on the matter under consideration. It commences by confessing that all sorts of rumors are afloat touching the nature and upshot of the conversation, which is precisely what we stated; then goes on to tell how disinterested the members of the aforesaid Committee are, and how patriotic the President is; and winds up by refusing to make any statement as to what the Committee wanted or the President advised. Whenever Mr. FLANIGAN shall get down from his stilts, and detail what actually transpired, we shall gladly print his statement, provided we find it of any value.

STATEMENTS have been made in these columns touching the discovery of tin in Missouri, in large quantities and of superior quality. These discoveries have led to speculation that bids fair to rival the petroleum furore in Pennsylvania three years ago. Will the people never learn wisdom in such matters? Thousands of men and women lost sums of money they could ill afford to spare, by reckless adventures in reputed oil lands and stocks; for every one that came out with a handsome gain, legitimate or fraudulent. Now there are oil properties on the market here, at moderate values, which are so productive that thirty-six months ago they would readily have commanded many millions of dollars. Costly experience has sobered the judgments of the multitude as to petroleum. Is it only that they may go all the crazier after tin.

IN Crawford county Mr. MORROW B. LOWRY, at the primary election, distanced his competitor, Colonel D. C. McCOY, by 1,357 votes, which was more votes than the Colonel received. McCOY was mixed up in the Congressional fight for Congress last year, and now gets paid off.

MUNICIPAL TAXATION.

The *Financial and Commercial Chronicle* makes a comparative statement of the municipal indebtedness of six cities, showing in each case how much per head the respective debts amount to, according to population. Here are the tables:

	City & County.		State.	
	1860.	1866.	1860.	1866.
New York.....	$ 40 40	$ 67 34	$1 13	$1 84
Philadelphia..	4 15	8 17	0 81	1 27
Boston.....	10 99	23 98	0 75	2 49
Cincinnati.....	4 66	10 29	1 03	1 09
Chicago.....	3 42	8 57	1 07	1 17
San Francisco	14 03	15 71	2 09	4 06

	—National.—		—Total.—	
	1860.	1866.	1860.	1866.
New York.....	$1 63	$12 95	$42 76	$83 14
Philadelphia..	1 69	13 95	5 63	25 24
Boston.....	1 99	13 98	12 87	37 47
Cincinnati.....	1 69	13 95	11 25	25 84
Chicago.....	1 69	13 95	6 11	23 69
San Francisco	1 69	13 95	17 71	37 64

Considering that Philadelphia has a much larger built-up area to watch, pave, light, drain, water, &c., than either of the other cities, the comparison is decidedly in her favor.

Suicide of a Boy.—An Orphan Boy, Lonely and Dejected, with "No One to Care for Him," Takes Strychnine.

One of the saddest cases of self-destruction that has come to our knowledge for some time occurred on Sunday afternoon, on the opposite side of the river. The victim was a boy, fifteen years of age, a druggist's apprentice, with as fair prospects in life as the generality of boys. But he was an orphan, and felt the want of a mother. He saw other boys loved and cared for by fond parents, while he was all alone in the world. Being of a sensitive, retiring disposition, his friendless condition preyed upon his mind, until he deliberately prepared to destroy his life.

The name of the boy is Henry Tyzack. When about five years of age, his father, who resided on Morgan street, was killed by an officer whom he resisted in an effort to arrest him. His mother soon after went up on the Osage to reside with her sister, taking Henry with her. Becoming low spirited, Mrs. Tyzack drowned herself in the Osage river. Henry came to St. Louis, and being without home and friends, was taken up by the police as an abandoned boy. Rev. Mr. Libby, of the Odd Fellows, seeing the fact of the boy's arrest mentioned in the papers, and knowing that the order had been contributing means for his support—his father having been an Odd Fellow—procured his release from the calaboose, and had him sent to school. Two or three years ago he was apprenticed to the drug busines with Mr. Thos. Tanton, corner of Sixth and Olive streets, where he remained up to the time of his death.

Between five and six o'clock last Sunday afternoon, Mr. Rehmer, a fisherman, residing on the bank of the river, about half a mile below the Terre Haute depot, discovered the boy lying on the sand near the water, writhing in convulsions. The boy had taken a bath in the river, and then dressed himself and swallowed strychnine. Before taking the fatal dose he had written his name on the wet sand of the shore near where he was found. The fisherman took him to his house and sent for a physician, under whose treatment the sufferer partially recovered, but died about ten o'clock the same night.

Before his death he stated that he did not like his situation at Mr. Tanton's; that he was not well treated by his fellow apprentice; and had informed his employer that he intended to leave him and engage in some other business. Mr. Tanton reminded him that he was an apprentice until he attained the age of twenty-one, and threatened to have him arrested if he left. Finding there was no escape from his unpleasant situation, Henry resolved to commit suicide. For this purpose he took from a jar as much strychnine as he could hold in one hand, and crossed the river on Sunday between one and two o'clock. A portion of the poison was found in his pocket at the fisherman's house.—*St. Louis Democrat.*

The Face a Record of Life.

The record of a man's moral and intellectual life is written in his face, in such indelible and striking lines that anybody tolerably well skilled in the science of physiognomy can quickly and accurately measure subtle, unseen, character. There is an old maxim that "blood tells," and it does reveal its gentle or boorish, its virtuous or vicious nature in physical movements of the body and modes of expression, and also in prevailing and related ideas. So, likewise, character is perpetually struggling against the bonds of restraint, and pushing out into the broad daylight of actual recognition. By a careful reticence at the right time, and a sort of negative habit of life, combined with a shrewd management, a man may pass current for altogether more than his actual value. But sooner or later, the muscles of the face and the speaking eye let out the secret of the interior life.

It is a great study, these human faces looking up from the audience room, the social circle, the street, the car, beaming out an effulgence of sympathy and goodness, or frowning under the rigors of disappointment, or flashing out defiance and contempt for the sources of their discomfort. The young man who aspires to nothing higher than the character of a universal "bruiser," may forget that his coarse passions are all photographed upon his face in such a manner that all discerning people can read him through at almost the first glance. We cannot 'see ourselves as others see us," and that explains away very much of the impudence and swagger of the multitude, which passes for genuine quality and life. If you would know more of an acquaintance than age, occupation, capacity and temper—if you would inspect the secret sources where he draws supplies of impulse and of comfort along life's toilsome and dusty pathway, look into his face and read the whole elaborate story of his strivings, his loves and aversions, his triumphs and failures. It is all there, locked up in fleshy characters, in the folds and furrows made by the plough-share of time and toil, or the exhausting stimulants of license and prodigality. We literally turn ourselves inside out through the face. The love, the composure, the passion, the unrest, the hatred and revenges, the strength and the weakness, the angel and the beast of our natures, all collect and come to a focus in the face, and make disclosures which no mystical arts can conceal. And it seems to us that when the great Apostle said "some men's sins are open beforehand, going before to judgment," he must have been looking into the hypocritical faces of the old Scribes and Pharisees. Throughout all her wonderful array of diversity and magnificence, Nature abhors concealment, and this accounts for, and magnifies, too, the revelations of character shining through the human face divine.

Didn't Recognize It.

A wealthy man of Boston, who owns a country residence in the suburbs of that city, recently became dissatisfied with it, determined to have another, and instructed an auctioneer, famous for his descriptive powers, to advertise it in the papers at private sale, but to conceal the location, telling purchasers to apply at his office. In a few days the gentleman happened upon the advertisement, was pleased with the account of the place, showed it to his wife, and the two concluded it was just what they wanted and that they would secure it at once. So he went to the office of the auctioneer and told him that the place he had advertised was such a one as he desired, and he would purchase it. The auctioner burst into a laugh and told him that it was a description of his own house where he was then living. He read the advertisement again, pondered over the "grassy slopes," "beautiful vistas," "smooth lawn," etc., and broke out, "is it possible!" Well, auctioneer, make out my bill for advertising and expenses, for, by George, I wouldn't sell the place now for three times what it cost me!"

THE Nashville *Press* makes this statement:

"It has been charged by the President's Bohemian corps that the State Government has disfranchised a majority of the males over twenty-one years of age. This is a falsehood. There are not, at the outside, more than 180,000 males in this State over twenty-one. This number represents a population of 1,200,000, and there are not so many people now living in the State. There are about 120,000 registered voters, and about 50,000 disfranchised rebels who are denied the privilege of suffrage, because it would be unsafe to admit them to the ballot-box. They do not vote because they have no right to vote."

The Cincinnati *Gazette* says:

Many of our readers have pleasant recollections of the Rev. John Hall, D.D., of Dublin, one of the Irish delegates to the late Presbyterian Assembly in this city. We hear that he has accepted the pastorate of the Nineteenth Street Presbyterian Church, New York. His salary is to be $6,000 in gold, and he is to have the use of a parsonage. The Church recently dismissed at his own request, the Rev. Dr. Rice, formerly of Cincinnati, presenting him on his retirement with a sum sufficient to support him comfortably during the remainder of his days. Dr. Hall will be a great acquisition to American Presbyterianism, as in learning, eloquence and ability, he has few rivals.

A New Love Test.

The English papers tell of a sentimental individual named Stanhope, who, having become possessed with the notion that his wife was not so fond of him as she should be, resolved to put her love to the test. This he did by hanging himself in effigy in the attic, and concealing himself where he could watch the effect of the spectacle. Here is the sequel:

After awhile, his daughter came up after a skipping rope, and caught a glimpse of the suspended figure. She ran down the stairs, screaming "Oh, mother, mother! papa has hung himself!" "Now for it," thought Felix, in ambuscade, "we shall have a touching scene presently." "Hung himself," he heard Mrs. Stanhope repeat, as she walked leisurely up stairs, "He hasn't got pluck enough for such a thing or he would have done it long ago. Well, I believe he has done it, however," she said, as she came in view of Felix's representative. "Moll! to the little girl, I think he ought to be cut down. You had better go into the kitchen and get a knife, my dear; but don't go down too fast or you might fall and hurt yourself. Stay, I forgot. There's no knife in the kitchen sharp enough. You can go round to Mr. Holmes, the shoemaker—he's only four streets off—tell him to whet it before he sends it. And, Molly, when you are in the neighborhood, you can stop at Aunt Sukey's and ask how the baby is. And, Molly, you can stop at the grocer's shop as you come back, and get a pound of sugar."

"Poor Felix!" sighed Mrs. Stanhope, when her daughter had departed, "I hope we shall get him down before the vital spark's extinct, for these burylngs are very troublesome, and cost money. He wanted to put an end to himself, too; and I think I ought to let him have his own way for once in his life; he used to say that I was always crossing him. I wish he hadn't spoiled that new clothes line; an old rope might have answered his purpose." Here a voice, which sounded like that of the supposed suicide, broke in upon Mrs. Stanhope's soliloquy with "You confounded Jezabel, I'll be the death of you!" Mrs. Stanhope, thinking this must of course be a ghostly exclamation, uttered a wild scream, and attempted to escape down the narrow staircase. Felix, starting from his place of concealment, gave chase. Mrs. Stanhope stumbled midway on the flight of stairs, and Mr. Stanhope having just reached her, and made a grasp at her disheveled hair as it streamed backward, the amiable partners were precipitated to the bottom together; both were badly bruised.

Church Etiquette—In Memoriam.

It used to puzzle us, before we understood the origin of the custom, to account for the peculiarly American idea of church etiquette which compels a gentleman to step into the aisle, allow a lady to pass in before him, and resent himself in the most comfortable place in the pew. The European certainly must be at a loss to account for the custom on the principle that the laws of etiquette are founded on the general rule of making others as comfortable and happy as possible. But we cannot join with the many who rail at this custom, troublesome though it may sometimes be, abolished. It is a relic of the olden time in America when men went to church with their muskets, and had their children and wives take the inside of the pew, so that they might rush into the aisle at the first signal from the watchman that hostile Indians were near. The custom comes to us with the sacred memories of the trials and courage and hardships of our forefathers. It spells of hard-earned homesteads in the Western wilderness; of men and women who laid the foundations of a great nation among scenes which called for nerve, and energy, and bravery. Surely the preservation of this custom is a token of respect to their memory is not too great a burden for their fashionable sons and daughters of to-day, who owe to them so much of their present prosperity and wealth. The people of England undergo every form of inconvenience rather than give up time-honored customs, and we laugh at them for it. We care too little for these things. The American motto is "Let the dead past bury its dead."

A better motto is the golden rule, "Do unto others as you would that others do unto you;" how will it be when we are dead?—*New York Gazette.*

DYSPEPTICS!

DYSPEPTICS!

DYSPEPTICS!

Do not suffer any longer with this dreadful disease when you can be cured in a few days by using

COE'S DYSPEPSIA CURE.

The best and only preparation in use that gives satisfaction. Sold wholesale and retail at FLEMING'S Drug Store, 84 Market street.

I AM this day in receipt of one hundred cases of this celebrated Medicine.

☞ Sole Agent for Pittsburgh and vicinity.

JOSEPH FLEMING, Druggist,

No. 84 Market Street.

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RESTORES GRAY or FADED HAIR, and as a dressing is ever valuable. Hair from falling, cures Dandruff, Headache and all Eruptive Diseases of the Scalp.

The Most Perfect Hair Restorer

"London Hair Color Restorer"
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"London Hair Color Restorer"
"London Bald Heads Hair Color Restorer"
"London Reclothed with Hair Color Restorer"
"London New Hair. Hair Color Restorer"

Only 75 cents a bottle; half dozen, $4. Address orders to SAYNE & SON, Philadelphia.

Sold by McCLARAN & McKENNAN, GEO. A. KELLY & CO., JOS. FLEMING, A. TOMKINS, H. B. McCLURG & Co., Pittsburgh; KANE & DAVIS, Allegheny.

jy11:SMWY

WHO IS RESPONSIBLE?

Victim of debility, who is responsible for your feebleness? Not yourself, you will say, for you have done all you could to cure it. That's a true take on your part. You haven't tried HOSTETTER'S BITTERS.

Gloomy dyspeptic, with an ashen stomach and a world-weary face, of course you don't think you're responsible for your own torments. But you are. It is easy to read you. The condition that you haven't tried HOSTETTER'S BITTERS.

Billous sufferer, it is not your fault, you think, that your stomach is deranged, that your bile is out of order, that your blood is impure. Some pill doesn't do you any good. Very likely. But you can be brought to your senses. Why haven't you tried HOSTETTER'S BITTERS.

Friend, on whom Fever and Ague alternately blows hot and cold, and whose brain seems to be bursting with the effects of some nowerful drug, do you waive the responsibility? O, no! You have taken piles of quinine. And all the rest of it's medicines. What could you do more? One thing more—only one thing—and you would be compelled you from all the pangs that now rack and torture you. You have never tried HOSTETTER'S BITTERS.

Nervous invalid, what have you to say? You plead that you have taken all the concoctions of the pharmacopoeia. If they have done you no good, it is not your fault. They are not responsible. Wrong, all wrong. You have, in reality, nobody to blame but yourself. Why haven't you tried HOSTETTER'S BITTERS.

For all the above named complaints, the Bitters are absolute specifics.

CURE OF FISTULA.

DR. KEYSER: I write to thank you for your kindness and scientific management of my disease, for which I called to consult you some time in January last. You will remember that I had a complication of diseases, which finally ended in a terrible fistula, which I had been advised to "let alone" on account of a harassing cough, which it was feared might fasten on my lungs. I knew that the popular mode of treating diseases like mine was by a cutting operation, which, if successful at all, would naturally throw the disease upon the lungs or some other vital organ, on account of the suddenness of the cure and the immediate check to a discharge which I was constrained to believe was a salutary provision of Nature to get rid of some morbid condition in the system. I feel perfectly satisfied that your method of treatment, purifying to the system, and local applications to the fistulous part, must cure, if anything could, without cutting, which I find it did, and I am happy to report myself well in every particular, with sounder and better health than I have had for years. I would also add that the applications you made were almost painless, and have left no raw mass, with all the energies and vigor of restored health.

Yours, gratefully, J——C——.

Dr. Keyser's consultation rooms are No. 122 Penn street, from 8 A. M. until 4 p. m.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WM. BINGHAM, Jr., Adams Express Office, 54 Fifth Street, is an authorized Agent to receive Advertisements for the GAZETTE, and all other papers, throughout the United States and the Canadas.

ROBINSON BROTHERS,

Bankers,

No. 78 FOURTH STREET, Pittsburgh,

Convert 7-30's, free of charge, upon favorable terms. They have constantly on hand all kinds of

U. S. BONDS,

And are prepared to buy and sell Railroad Bonds or Stocks; Bank, Gas and Bridge Stocks; Mortgages on Real Estate, Land Warrants, &c.

WANTED.—The bonds of the counties of Butler, Beaver, Lawrence, Mercer and Washington. Interest allowed on Time Deposits.

WINDOW SHADES, of all styles, colors and sizes; also, HOLLAND, Transparent Green Oil Cloth, of all widths and at low prices, wholesale and retail, by

J. & H. PHILLIPS,

26 and 28 St. Clair street.

OIL CLOTHS—For Floors, Tables, Counters, Stairs, Windows, &c., of all widths and patterns, and of best quality, for sale wholesale and retail, at the Oil Cloth and India Rubber Depot, Nos. 26 and 28 St. Clair st.

J. & H. PHILLIPS.

BELTING! BELTING!—Leather Belting, of the best quality, also, Rubber Belting, Packing, Hose, Gaskets, &c., of all sizes and best quality, and lowest prices. Lace Leather and Rivets always on hand.

J. & H. PHILLIPS,

26 and 28 St. Clair street.

UNIVERSAL CLOTHES WRINGER.—The best and only Wringer that is warranted to give perfect satisfaction. Call and see them before purchasing elsewhere. For sale by the sole agents for Allegheny county.

J. & H. PHILLIPS,

26 and 28 St. Clair street.

TALLOW WANTED.—50,000 pounds good kettle rendered, at a fair market price.

ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

BROADWAY TENN. FLOUR.—A car load now landing, for sale by

ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

au3

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

KEMMERER'S

SIXTH AND LAST CONCERT

Will be given THIS (Thursday,) EVENING, August 8th, at the HIGH STREET ZION CHURCH, to commence at 8 o'clock.

A FINE STORE ROOM FOR RENT IN WILKINSBURG, for one or more years, with dwelling, if desired. Store in first condition. Rent low. Enquire at

B. C. BOSWORTH'S,

au8:3dTTS Butler St., Lawrenceville.

OFFICE OF THE FORT PITT OIL CO., No. 72 FIFTH St., (Room 4,) PITTSBURGH, Aug. 7, 1867.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS of the Fort Pitt Oil Company have this day declared a Dividend of TWO AND ONE-HALF (2½) PER CENT., payable at this office, on or after the 15th inst. The Transfer Books will be closed from the 11th to the 14th inst.

au8:3dTS E. A. WRIGHT, Secretary.

TO CAST STEEL HAMMERS-MEN.

WANTED—A man to WELD AND DRAW CAST STEEL. None but COMPETENT men need apply, to

ALFRED CAPPER,

au8:d3w Black Diamond Steel Works, Pittsburgh, Pa.

GURLAY BROS.,

SHIRT MANUFACTURERS,

27 Barclay St., near Church St.,

NEW YORK.

N. B.—Price Lists sent on application.

au8:d3m

W. H. ROWLAND.....W. M. HARRIS.

ROWLAND & HARRIS,

HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTERS,

GRAINERS AND GLAZIERS,

No. 61 DIAMOND, ALLEGHENY.

CALCIMINING done in the best manner.

LIVERY AND SALE STABLE FOR SALE, situated in a flourishing town near Pittsburgh, on line of a railroad. The grounds are large; the stables are substantially built and capable of accommodating 40 horses; carriage room for 20 vehicles; hay lofts, office, &c. This establishment is now doing a good business. No other livery in the place. A part or the whole of the stock will be sold if desired. A bargain is offered.

For full particulars apply to

au8 B. McLAIN & CO., 122 Fourth st.

MERCHANTS'

LIVERY AND SALE STABLE,

J. W. NICHOLSON, PROPRIETOR.

NOS. 121 AND 123 THIRD STREET,

(Opposite Merchants' Hotel.)

HORSES, CARRIAGES, &c., for hire. Particular attention paid to purchase and sale of Horses. au8:6d

$20,000 TO LOAN,

ON BOND AND MORTGAGE,

APPLY TO

STEEL & WILSON,

Brokers and Real Estate Agents,

No. 66 Smithfield street.

au8:d

OFFICE OF THE TRIUMPH OIL COMPANY, No. 19 Irwin street, PITTSBURGH, August 6th, 1867.

DIVIDEND NO. 2.

The Board of Directors of this Company have this day declared a

DIVIDEND OF FIVE PER CENT.,

Payable on and after the 15th inst., at this office. The Transfer Books will be closed from the 10th to the 15th inst., inclusive.

WILLIAM MUSSELER,

au8:d2w Secretary and Treasurer.

ALEX. PATTERSON'S

LUMBER YARD,

Corner Chestnut and Preble Sts.,

Sixth Ward, Allegheny, formerly Manchester.

A large stock DRY PINE BOARDS, Flooring, Siding, Cut, Rough and Dressed Siding, 1s and 2d feet boards.

70,000 feet Dry Oak Boards.
50,000 Oak, Ash, and Poplar, 1 inches thick.
50,000 feet Poplar, 1 and 1½ inches thick.
Also, Fire Brick, Tile and Coal, in large or small quantities, to suit purchasers.

au8:3d2

NOTICE.—THE UNDERSIGNED would respectfully inform their friends and the public in general that, preparatory to removing back into their new building, No. 42 Fifth street, next to corner of Wood, they are now selling their immense stock of

JEWELRY, etc., AT COST!

Consisting of Watches, Silver Ware, Bronzes, Fine Table Cutlery, Statuary, Setts of Precious Stones, Regulators, French Clocks, etc., etc., together with all their fixtures, consisting of a large amount of silver mounted plate glass show cases, fancy showing, counters, etc.

About the first of October we expect to re-open our new store with an entire new and fresh stock of everything pertaining to a first-class Jewelry House. Very respectfully,

REINEMAN, MEYRAN & BEIDLE,

No. 89 FIFTH STREET,

au8:d3t Next to Bank Block.

ESTABLISHED 1833.

HOUSES FITTED UP WITH

GAS,

Hot and Cold Water, &c.,

By experienced and practical workmen.

JOHN M. TATE,

Plumber and Gas Fitter,

227 Liberty Street, Pittsburgh; and 59 Federal Street, Allegheny.

jy26:wd6TuTh&S

ENGLISH AND GERMAN

JOB PRINTING,

Neatly and promptly executed, by

ERRETT, ANDERSON & CO.,

No. 84 Fifth Street.

jy23:6d&7th

IRON CITY CUTLERY CO.,

No. 3 St. Clair Street.

Having purchased of ANDREW HEGGS the entire stock of Hardware, Cutlery and Variety Goods, at the above stand, it is their intention to keep on hand a first-class stock of

HARDWARE, CUTLERY,

Guns, Rifles, Revolvers, Pistols, Fishing Tackle and sporting goods of every variety. They are also prepared to do all kinds of JOB WORK; Grinding Razors, Scissors, &c., Cutting Stencils and Stamps, and making Seal and Cancelling Stamps, at shortest notice.

W. H. BOWN, Manager.

FLOUR FROM NEW SOUTHERN WHEAT.—We are now manufacturing A Superior Article of Flour,

FROM CHOICE NEW SOUTHERN WHEAT,

Which we can safely recommend to the trade and for family use.

R. T. KENNEDY & BRO.,

PEARL STEAM MILL,

au8:d3t ALLEGHENY.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

CONTROLLER'S OFFICE, City of Allegheny, August 6th, 1867.

Sealed Proposals will be received at this office until FRIDAY, 9th inst., at 5 o'clock p. m., for the GRADING AND PAVING OF ALLEGHENY AVENUE, from Western avenue to Franklin street.

Also, for the GRADING AND PAVING OF FRAZIER'S ALLEY, from Allegheny avenue to the Manchester line.

E. E. FRANCIS,

au7:3d City Controller.

EIGHTH DIVIDEND.

OFFICE OF THE PACIFIC & ATLANTIC TELEGRAPH COMPANY OF THE U. S., PITTSBURGH, August 1st, 1867.

The Board of Directors of THE PACIFIC AND ATLANTIC TELEGRAPH COMPANY OF THE U. S., having declared the Eighth Dividend from the earnings of the Corporation for the quarter ending July 1st, at the rate of TEN PER CENT. per annum, upon all paid up stock, I will pay the same on and after the 15th inst., at No. 49 Fifth street, Pittsburgh.

EDWARD JAY ALLEN,

au6:d6t Treasurer.

NOTICE.—PITTSBURGH AND CONNELLSVILLE RAILROAD COMPANY.—FIRST MORTGAGE TURTLE CREEK DIVISION CONSTRUCTION BONDS.—Holders are hereby notified that the Interest Coupons on the above Bonds due August 1st, 1867, will be paid on and after that date, on presentation and delivery at the First National Bank of Pittsburgh.

JNO. H. PAGE, Jr.,

Secretary and Treasurer.

Pittsburgh, July 30th, 1867. jy31:d6

WILLIAM A. HERRON,

No. 89 Grant Street,

Office for the purchase and sale of REAL ESTATE, and NEGOTIATION of REAL ESTATE, GOVERNMENT and other SECURITIES.

au8:6t

PERRY BONHAM,

PUMP MAKER,

And manufacturer of all kinds of WOODEN TUBING, No. 32 THIRD STREET, Allegheny City, Pa.

☞ Special attention given to the manufacture of LOG PUMPS.

jy31:d6

FOR SALE—BOILERS.—FOUR SECOND-HANDED BOILERS, 42 inches in diameter, 24 feet long, with two 16 inch flues, No. 1 iron, steam drum, 30 inches in diameter; stand pipe 18 inches in diameter, No. 3 iron, with fire front grate bars, fusible safety check and blow off valve complete.

WM. BARNHILL & CO.,

jy31:6d3 No. 20 Penn street.

R. P. GETTY,

Wholesale and Retail Grocer,

Dealer in TEAS, WINES and Pure Old Monongahela Rye and Bourbon WHISKIES, No. 85, Northeast corner of Ohio street and the Diamond, Allegheny City, Pa. my24:3m

LOVERING'S SUGARS.

Crushed, Pulverized and Refined White and Yellow, at lowest rates, by the barrel or pound, for sale at the Family Grocery Store of

JOHN A. ENSHAW,

au2 corner Liberty and Hand streets.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

IN THE MATTER OF THE APPLICATION OF THE ALLEGHENY BUILDING ASSOCIATION, of Allegheny City, Pa., for a CHARTER. No. 354, September Term, 1867.

Notice is hereby given that an application has been made to the Court of Common Pleas of Allegheny county, by the above Association, for a Charter; that an instrument in writing, specifying the objects, articles, conditions and name, a copy of which they have been ordered to enclosed, has been presented to the Court and filed in the Prothonotary's office, and if no sufficient reason is shown to the contrary, said charter will be granted by the Court at the next term.

COLLIER, MILLER & McBRIDE,

au6:d2w Attorneys for said Association.

PROPOSALS FOR GAS COAL.

HARRISBURG GAS WORKS, Aug. 6, 1867.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at the office of the Harrisburg Gas Works, until the 1ST DAY OF SEPTEMBER, for the delivery of

GAS COAL,

To be used during the next year, up to September 1st, 1868. The coal must be of the very best quality, for the manufacture of gas, and delivered at the works.

All communications should be addressed to the undersigned, who will give all further information on the subject.

GEO. BERGNER, Secretary.

au6:d30

DARK FRENCH CHINTZ,

NEW STYLES JUST OPENED,

AND FOR SALE BY

WHITE, ORR & CO.,

25 Fifth Street.

au8

HIGHLY IMPORTANT!

To all who love a

GOOD CUP OF TEA OR COFFEE,

And do not wish to drink adulterated articles.

The American Tea Co.,

No. 2 ST. CLAIR STREET.

Have a full line of those same Teas and Coffees, which give such satisfaction to the thousands of families who now use them daily.

FINE BLACK, GREEN AND JAPAN TEAS, $1.25 & $1.

FRESH ROASTED COFFEE, 3 lbs. for $1.

No inferior goods sold at any price. We retail at the New York wholesale rates.

au8:TTSTS

GET THE BEST!

JUST PUBLISHED,

RICE'S

U. S. Bankrupt Act of 1867 Manual,

Containing the RULES, ORDERS and FORMS OF PROCEEDINGS thereunder, conveniently arranged, classified and arranged. Adapted to the use of Courts in Bankruptcy, the Bar, Officers of said Courts, Corporations, Partnerships, Accountants, Bankers and others, with a valuable Appendix, Notes of Decisions and a Copious Index. Approved by the Justices of the Supreme Court. By CLINTON RICE, Secretary to the Bankrupt Act Commission of the Supreme Court of the United States.

In One Volume. Price, $5.00.

Sent free by mail on receipt of price.

HAY & COMPANY,

au6 6 WOOD STREET.

BANKRUPTCY.

REGISTERS AND ATTORNEYS

Can be furnished with

BLANKS IN BANKRUPTCY,

At the Stationery Store of

W. S. HAVEN,

Corner Wood and Third Sts.

au8:d24

JUST RECEIVED, AT

ROBERTS & SHERRATT'S

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Tin, Copper and Sheet Iron Ware Manufactory,

NO. 61 SMITHFIELD ST., PITTSBURGH,

A new supply of Ice Chests, Ice Picks and Pitchers, Refrigerators, Beer Coolers, Ice Cream Freezers, Meat Safes, Water Coolers, Step Ladders, and a full line of House-furnishing Goods, also, manufacturers of ZIMMERMAN'S STEAM COOKING APPARATUS, for meats, vegetables, puddings, &c. jy26:3m

J. D. MORRISON.....D. M. BARR.....ISAAC BOWERS.
F. CAUFMAN.....JACOB REY.

MORRISON, BARR & CO.,

Manufacturers of all kinds of

BOOK AND PRINT PAPER,

Orders promptly filled.

Address, SPANG'S MILLS,

Blair County, Penna.

☞ Highest cash price paid for rags.

S. S. BRYAN,

BROKER IN

BONDS, STOCKS,

AND REAL ESTATE,

Apollo Building, Fourth Street.

Bank, Insurance and Municipal Bonds, and all kinds of Stocks bought and sold on commission. Mortgages negotiated. jy26

AN OPENING FOR BUSINESS is offered by the proprietor of a manufacturing establishment now in successful operation in this city. The proprietor will give satisfactory reasons for wishing to sell, and will, if desired, retain an interest in the concern. Capital required, $15,000.

APPLY TO

S. S. BRYAN,

Broker in Stocks and Real Estate,

jy26 Apollo Building, Fourth street.

T. BRANT SWEARINGEN.....WM. G. M'CANDLESS.

GENERAL INSURANCE AGENCY.

SWEARINGEN & M'CANDLESS,

No. 134 FOURTH ST., Pittsburgh, Pa.

General Agents for Western Pennsylvania of

Continental Life Insurance Co.,

OF NEW YORK.

FIRE, LIVE STOCK and all descriptions of Insurance effected in responsible Companies, at lowest rates. jy26:TTS

COMPRESSED

BUNGS.

ARMSTRONG, BRO. & CO.,

Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in

MACHINE CUT CORKS,

Plugs, Taps, Irish Moss, Pitch,

ROSIN, ISINGLASS, &c., &c.,

Nos. 122 & 125 Third St., Pittsburgh.

TO HOUSE BUILDERS AND CONTRACTORS.

The largest assortment of

GRATES, all Sizes;

Cooking Ranges & Stoves,

Of the VERY BEST QUALITY, for sale at

VERY LOW PRICES, BY

BISSELL & CO.,

No. 235 LIBERTY ST.

THE CHEAP HAT AND SHOE STORE.

L. H. GUNDERMAN,

Practical Retail Dealer in BOOTS and SHOES, HATS and CAPS, No. 54 OHIO STREET, Allegheny City. No wonder he is doing a rushing trade, as purchasers can be obtained in the way of Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes, and all kinds of Ladies' Gaiters and Balmorals. Mr. GUNDERMAN is a fair dealer, content with reasonable profits, and determined to offer great bargains to all who favor him with their patronage. my6:wd37

GEO. O. CLARK.....W. M. WATKINS.....D. F. RAY.

IRON CITY BELT WORKS.

GEO. O. CLARK & CO.,

Manufacturers of every description of Patent, Stretched, Cemented and Riveted Oak-Tanned

Leather Belting.

No. 109 LIBERTY ST., (2d floor,) opposite Union Depot, Pittsburgh. jy18:d37

JOSEPH WIGGINS,

Collecting Agent,

Office at the Board of Trade Rooms,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Bills of all kinds solicited and promptly attended to. Best of references given. jy18

NEW FIRST CLASS GROCERY,

No. 154 FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY.

Fresh stock of choice

Teas, Coffee, Sugars, &c., &c.,

Which we offer to the public at lowest prices.

A. G. BRYANT.

my31:d61

NOTICE.—ROBERT H. LECKY, of the City of Allegheny, MACHINIST, having by deed dated June 24, last assigned all his estate and effects to me for the benefit of his creditors, all persons indebted to him are notified to make immediate payments, and those having

DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS.

DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS,

Wholesale and Retail, at

WM. SEMPLE'S,

Nos. 180 & 182 Federal St.,

ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.

Plain Blk. & Grosgrain Silks;
Dress Goods;
Poplin Robes, beautiful designs;
White & Col'd Counterpanes;
Table Linens;
Towels and Towellings;
Tickings;
Jeans and Cassimeres;
Opera Flannels;
Heavy Flannels;
Hosiery, Gloves;
Handkerchiefs;
Shirt Fronts, Notions, &c.

EVERY DEPARTMENT COMPLETE,

AND SELLING AS

Low as can be Found Elsewhere,

AT

WM. SEMPLE'S,

180 and 182 Federal St.,

ALLEGHENY CITY.

au5

REDUCED PRICES!

IN

WHITE GOODS.

HANDKERCHIEFS:
LACES, real and Imitation;
LACE COLLARS AND SETTS;
HOOP SKIRTS;
BALMORAL SKIRTS AND SKIRTING;
GLOVES, HOSIERY;
GENT'S AND LADIES' UNDERWEAR;
GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS;
SHETLAND SHAWLS, &c.

SOILED GOODS AT HALF PRICE.

Straw and Millinery Goods at Less than Cost!

Being desirous to run our stock down as low as possible before taking possession of the new addition to our present store rooms, we will offer

DECIDED BARGAINS!

In all goods in our line.

JUST RECEIVED, 6 000 POUNDS

WOOLEN, KNITTING AND ZEPHYR YARNS,

Comprising all desirable shades and mixtures. Also, a full line BARRED FLANNELS, both of which we offer to the trade at

MANUFACTURER'S PRICES.

JOSEPH HORNE & CO.,

77 and 79 Market Street.

WHOLESALE ROOMS UP STAIRS.

au7:tu,th,s0

5,000 POUNDS

KNITTING YARN!

JUST RECEIVED.

To which we call the special attention of DEALERS AND KNITTERS.

DRABS,
SLATES,
BROWNS,
SCARLET,
VIOLET,
BLUE DE LYON,
AMORINE,
PURPLE,
MAROON,
SCT. CLOUDED,
BLUE MIXED,
BLACK MIXED,
SHEEP'S GREY,
BLACK AND WHITE.

500 LBS. AMERICAN ZEPHYR,

A full assortment of colors, for SHAWLS, SACQUES, HOODS, &c.

HOSIERY AND GLOVES,

GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS, WHITE GOODS AND LINENS, JACONET EDGINGS AND INSERTINGS, HAMBURG WORK, LACES AND HANDKERCHIEFS, COLLARS AND CUFFS,

At Reduced Prices!

In our WHOLESALE DEPARTMENT will be found a full line of STAPLE GOODS, NOTIONS and FANCY GOODS, to which we call the attention of Jobbers, Peddlers and Dealers generally, AT LOWEST PRICES.

MACRUM, GLYDE & CO.,

78 & 80 MARKET STREET.

au2

SELLING OFF AT COST!

$20,000 WORTH OF

DRY GOODS.

Having opened a new DRY GOODS, HOSIERY, NOTION AND CARPET STORE, at No. 100 OHIO STREET, corner of the Commons, Allegheny City, I have resolved to sell out the whole stock of DRY GOODS at

No. 164 Ohio Street,

AT COST!

The sale will commence on

Monday, July 29th,

And will keep on for EIGHT DAYS ONLY. All goods left unsold after that time will be removed to the New Store, No. 164 Ohio street.

Great Bargains will be Offered!

The stock is nearly all new; the store has only been opened a year ago, and as a consequence the goods can be no old goods. They consist of the latest and best styles of

Prints, Dress Goods, Cassimeres,

SHAWLS, and DRY GOODS generally.

FOR EIGHT DAYS ONLY---BEAR IN MIND,

At No. 164 Ohio Street.

Wholesale Buyers will find the GREATEST BARGAINS IN THE WORLD!

S. C. HESS.

jy31:c758:MW

JUST OPENED,

AT

MACRUM & CARLISLE'S,

No. 19 Fifth Street,

RICH AND ELEGANT STYLES OF

BEAD GIMPS AND FRINGES.

A NEW LOT, VERY CHEAP, OF

MALTESE LACE COLLARS AND HEMSTITCHED HANDKERCHIEFS.
SUPER ENGLISH TRIMMING RIBBONS.
HAMBURG EDGINGS, new styles.
FRENCH CORSETS, new shapes.
BRADLEY'S DUPLEX SKIRTS, new shape.

We have just opened a superior lot of

Ladies' Promenade Satchels, and Gents' Traveling Bags,

of the best quality and most popular styles. We invite special attention to our new lot of

English Cotton Hosiery and English and French Made

GLOVES.

The "Star" Shirt,

And all kinds of FURNISHING GOODS, at LOW PRICES.

Merchants and Dealers supplied at Low Prices.

MACRUM & CARLISLE,

No. 19 Fifth Street.

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.

ARBUTHNOT, SHANNON & CO.,

No. 115 Wood Street,

Have just opened a large new stock of seasonable

DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS,

Which they offer at EASTERN PRICES. Merchants assorting up should call at

No. 115 Wood Street.

C. ARBUTHNOT, W.T. SHANNON, J.G. STEPHENSON

jy29

DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS.

4-4 ENGLISH CHINTZ,

FOR 15 CENTS, AT

J. M. BURCHFIELD & CO'S,

No. 87 Market Street.

WIDE DARK CHINTZ, for 15c. worth 25c.
LIGHT CHINTZ, for 10c. worth 20c.
WHITE FLANNELS, all prices and widths.
LINEN LAWNS, LINEN CAMBRIC.
BIRD EYE LINEN.
LINEN DIAPERS.
NAINSOOK AND JACONET MUSLINS.
SWISS MUSLINS.
STRIPED DIMITY.

No. 87 Market Street.

au7:tu,th,s0

CARR, McCANDLESS & CO.,

(Late Wilson, Carr & Co.,)

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS,

No. 94 WOOD STREET,

Third house above Diamond alley,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

ICE CREAM, EATING, &c.

WILLIAMSON'S

DINING ROOMS,

No. 36 Market St.,

(Between Second and Third Streets,)

PITTSBURGH, PA.

The house is newly furnished with everything that constitutes a first class Eating House. The choicest of everything the market affords will be served up at all hours of the day or night.

LADIES' DINING ROOMS, second floor.

J. H. WILLIAMSON, Proprietor.

The highest market price paid for all kinds of seasonable game.

jy19:872

JAMES B. YOUNGSON,

No. 200 Wylie Street,

Respectfully informs all those who are in want of anything in his line that he has opened a first class

BAKERY AND CONFECTIONERY,

At the above number. Fresh BREAD & CAKES, of all descriptions, on hand. Also, FRUITS, NUTS, &c. Splendid ICE CREAM ROOM, refitted up in the most elegant style for furnishing Private Parties, Dinners and Picnics with ICE CREAM, CAKES and FRUIT.

FRESH BREAD morning and evening.

NEW ICE CREAM SALOON.

P. H. M'CUIRE,

No. 89 FIFTH STREET, above Smithfield, opposite Dr. Clark's Methodist Church. ICE CREAM, SODA WATER, FANCY CAKES, FRUIT, CONFECTIONERY, &c.

Parties and private families supplied at short notice and reasonable terms. jel0:n

NEW STORE.

H. W. HORBACH,

Confectioner, Fruit Store & Bakery,

ICE CREAM SALOON, and

LADIES' ORDINARY.

309 SMITHFIELD STREET, between Seventh and Liberty. my27:n39

PAINTERS.

J. K. HAMILTON, Jr.,

House and Sign Painter,

No. 133 THIRD STREET, Pittsburgh.

Graining, Glazing and Gilding

NEATLY EXECUTED.

MIXED PAINTS, VARNISHES, PUTTY, GLASS, BRUSHES, TURPENTINE, WHITE LEAD, ZINC, &c. jy5:n

P. R. HUTCHINSON.....S. J. HEPBURN.

HUTCHINSON & HEPBURN,

HOUSE, SIGN AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTERS,

GRAINERS AND GLAZIERS,

No. 88 PENN'A AVENUE, Pittsburgh.

All orders by mail promptly attended to.

REMOVAL.

JOHN F. CLULEY,

House and Sign Painter,

Has removed to

No. 134 SMITHFIELD ST., Pittsburgh, Pa., my9:y97 Opposite the old stand.

ROBERT M'COWAN.....NO. SNYDER.

McCOWAN & SNYDER,

HOUSE, SIGN AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTERS, AND GRAINERS AND GLAZIERS.

No. 65, North side of Diamond, Allegheny.

Commercial and glass signs made to order. Orders respectfully solicited and promptly executed. Mixed Paints, Window Glass and Putty constantly on hand. ap14:n6

HATS, CAPS, &c.

STRAW GOODS,

FOR SUMMER SALES.

ALL THE NEW STYLE HATS,

FOR SALE CHEAP, AT

McCORD & CO.'S,

No. 181 Wood Street.

jy6

HATS! HATS!

W. P. GRAHAM.....OWEN BYRNE.

GRAHAM & BYRNE,

At No. 52 St. Clair Street,

Have one of the very best retail stocks of

HATS, CAPS AND STRAW GOODS

in the city, and constantly in receipt of all that is new, as soon as they can be "expressed." Every attention given to retailing, exclusively. au27:n39

PIANOS, ORGANS, &c.,

CHAS. B. BARR. HER. TH. KNAKE. W. L. BUETTNER

BARR, KNAKE & BUETTNER,

Successors to WAMELINK & BARR.

No. 12 St. Clair St., Pittsburgh.

DEALERS IN

Pianos, Organs,

And Musical Goods generally.

Sole Agents for the Celebrated BRADBURY, New York, and SCHOMACKER & CO. Philadelphia, PIANOS.

Also, KNABE & CO.'S "COTTAGE," and D. H. W. SMITH'S "AMERICAN" ORGANS, and TILTON'S PATENT GUITAR.

The best Italian and German Violin and Guitar Strings always on hand. ap17:n52

KNABE'S UNRIVALLED PIANOS.—The purest in tone; the most refined in touch; and finished; will stand in tune longer than any other. New stock just received.

For sale at less than factory prices.

CHARLOTTE BLUME, 6 Fifth street,

Sole Agent for Knabe's Pianos, Haines Bros. Pianos, and Prince's Auto matic Organs. au6

LIVERY STABLES.

THOMAS MORELAND.....DANIEL L. MITCHELL.

MORELAND & MITCHELL,

Livery and Sale Stables,

425 LIBERTY STREET,

Opposite Pennsylvania Railroad Depot,

PITTSBURGH.

Particular attention paid to furnishing Hearse and Carriages for funerals. Horses kept at livery. my2:n45

H. B. MILLER, Bazaar, Livery and SALE STABLES. Also, Furnishing Undertaker. All kinds of Coffins, &c., at the lowest rates, kept constantly on hand. CARSON STREET, between Ormsby and Denman streets, Birmingham. Horses, Carriages and new Buggies for hire. Hearse and Carriages always in readiness for Funerals. Horses kept at Livery by the day, month or year, and attended to in the best manner. Private families furnished with the safest Horses and most elegant Carriages. Stables kept open at all hours of the day and night. my8:n92

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JOHN MEGRAW,

Manufacturer of and Wholesale and Retail Dealer in all kinds of

Tobacco, Snuff and Cigars,

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A general assortment Smoking Tobacco, Fine Tobacco Pouches always on hand. my27:n

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Manufacturers and dealers in

Tobacco, Snuff, Cigars, Pipes, &c.

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MANHOOD: HOW LOST! HOW RESTORED.—Just published, in a sealed envelope. Price SIX CENTS. A Lecture on the Natural Treatment and Radical Cure of Spermatorrhœa or Seminal Weakness, Nervousness, Consumption, Epilepsy and Fits; Mental and Physical Incapacity, resulting from Self-Abuse, &c., by ROBT. J. CULVERWELL, M. D., Author of the "Marriage Guide," &c. Sent to Thousands of Sufferers. Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, post paid, on receipt of SIX cents, or two postage stamps, by CHAS. J. C. KLINE & Co., 127 Bowery, New York; Post Office Box 4,586. Also, Dr. Culverwell's "Marriage Guide." Price 25 cents. au6:d&w1y

NEW BOOK STORE.

Union Sabbath School Book Store.

Bibles and Testaments, Sabbath School Library Books and Requisites, Theological, School and Blank Books, Stationery, &c., and Miscellaneous Books secured and all orders promptly filled, as cheap as the cheapest.

P. G. REINEMAN,

jy2:tuws 113 Third St., Pittsburgh, Pa.

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Publishers of OSGOOD'S READERS, DEAN'S ARITHMETIC, BURTON GRAMMAR AND COMPLETE COPY BOOKS. Also, manufacturers of BLANK BOOKS. BOOK BINDING executed in all its forms. A large stock of STATIONERY constantly on hand. 734

The Pittsburgh Gazette

Meeting of the Allegheny Temperance League.

An adjourned meeting of the Allegheny Temperance League was held in South Common Methodist Episcopal Church on last Tuesday night. The exercises were opened with singing by the choir, and by a prayer from Rev. V. Lucas.

The Preamble and Resolutions which were laid over from last meeting, after some amendments, were taken up and passed. On the final passage of the resolutions, remarks were made by Rev. Timmons, of Tarentum, Rev. A. G. Shaffer, Dr. Trevor, Dr. Campbell, L. H. Eaton and others, all of whom zealously favored the passage of the resolutions. Dr. Dale made the most prominent remarks, giving his own experience as a physician in cases where he was called, and spoke fervently to the young to keep themselves free from the vice of intemperance, picturing the evil as it exists in society, and strongly urging upon the people to be careful and guarded in placing in office proper men who will pass laws prohibitory of liquor selling, and closed with a telling and touching appeal for all to stand by the good cause.

A communication was read from Brother Clouse, of Lawrenceville, regretting his absence and telling of licenses being granted in his neighborhood in spite of heavy remonstrance. The preamble and resolutions were passed unanimously.

The meeting then adjourned to meet at the Manchester M. E. Church, Ohio street, on Tuesday evening next at half-past seven o'clock.

The following preamble and resolutions were passed at the meeting, as mentioned above:

WHEREAS, At the last session of our Legislature, four different acts were passed regulating the liquor traffic, all of which are in some of their provisions applicable to and in force in this county,—the first being a special act for this county; the second a supplement to the old law of 1856; the third a general act to enable the police officers to keep order in the licensed houses; the fourth a supplement to the law regulating sabbath day liquor selling. As to the special Allegheny county act, its most important provisions are the following, viz: it changes the licensee power from the Court to the Board of County Commissioners. We can speak from experience in saying, that its removal from the Court was a proper and desirable measure. It is also found to be a fruitful source of revenue, in force only since the 21st of March, and yet applicants have already paid into the County Treasury to the amount of $14,500; and,

WHEREAS, List after list of applications for license have been published in the daily papers until Tuesday, July 23d, an advertisement headed, seventh list of applications for license to sell liquors, for the month of July, 1867, filed in the Clerk's office, in which said advertisement, there are thirty-five applications for the city of Pittsburgh, eleven applications for Allegheny city, six applications for Birmingham, and twenty-seven applications for other townships and boroughs, making in all seventy-nine applications for license in this seventh list, published in said papers, and,

WHEREAS, The frightful increase of places where liquors, ales and beers are sold calls upon us at this time to appeal to the good people of this county to take some action to put the barrier of public opinion upon this cancer, which is truly upon us as a people and which even now is eating upon the vitals of all that is Christian, moral and good, "like the destroyer which wasteth at noon-day and stalketh about at night," ruining the fair hopes of many of our hearth stones, carrying in its track death, poverty, disease, desolation and crime, so that in our streets on Sabbath as well as week days, drunkenness is more visible now than it has been for years past; and,

WHEREAS, We as a Christian people, allowing such a law so openly to increase upon us the number of places from which this terrible cancer is allowed to spread upon us as a people, would be unjust to God, to humanity, and to ourselves, not to take some means to call upon all the good people of Allegheny county to take part and to take action in the matter of putting a stop to this great, enormous and fast growing evil, this cancer that is consuming our people. Wherefore be it

Resolved, That we call upon all the people of Allegheny county to behold the wretched revenue derived from the issuing of licenses, now enormously greater than at any other time since the organization of this county, which we do not so good, believing it is the price of blood, producing death, crime, poverty and desolation,

Resolved, That as a christian people having a right to peace, prosperity and happiness, and a proper public regard for the Sabbath day, and feeling the evils enumerated are really doing great injury to us as a people, having respectfully asked of our County Commissioners to assemble with us at this adjourned meeting, that they now give us a statement of the frightful increase of places where liquors, ales and beer are sold, and if it is in their power to use any means for suppressing their increase.

Resolved, That the present increase of drunkenness, crime, poverty and desolation, calls upon us, as a Christian community, throughout the whole country, to urge upon all pastors and church organizations, for one united effort, by prayer to Almighty God, and faithful laboring with all good people, to promote in all classes, among all our population, an actual ceasing of the use of intoxicating drinks.

Resolved, That the noble stand taken by the people of Tarentum, also, by the people of the late borough of Manchester, is worthy of all commendation, and that we hereby call upon the people of each election district to remonstrate against the great increase of intemperance.

Resolved, That as a Temperance League, organized for the benefit of doing good in the midst of suffering humanity, we call upon all the Territorial and Temperance organizations, of all names and creeds, in this good cause, viz: Divisions of Sons of Temperance, Temples of Honor, Lodges of Good Templars, Cadets of Temperance, Grand Council of Temples of Honor, Daughters of Temperance, Hasting's Chapters of Temperance, Chapters of Healthy Allegheny, &c., all temperance leagues, societies, &c., throughout all this county, that at their next meetings, after seeing the publication of these proceedings, we respectfully ask of them to take up and pass upon this preamble and resolutions, in order that the tone and temper of public opinion may be publicly expressed; also, that this be done in as few days as possible, and that they publish the same in all the papers of Allegheny county.

Resolved, That a collection be taken up to assist the officers of this league in carrying this preamble and resolutions to be published and scattered into every house and home in this county, by publishing in newspapers, also in pamphlet form, should they see proper to do so.

Birmingham Council.

The regular monthly meeting of Birmingham Council was held last evening. The following members were present: Messrs. McIlwaine, Schwarm, Zeiflil, Welker, Ihmsen, Wallace, and Burgess Salisbury.

Mr. Salisbury stated that Mr. Frabe had signed the article of agreement with the borough in reference to the proposed extension of the sewer.

Mr. Ihmsen submitted a report of the borough officers, which he had examined and found correct.

Mr. Welker moved that the Burgess be instructed to collect the balance due for paving and curbing Union alley.

Mr. Welker submitted a plan for widening Liberty street, in the vicinity of the Catholic Church, as proposed by the Street Regulator.

Mr. Welker moved that Council meet at 6½ o'clock P. M., on Thursday, in a body to examine Liberty street.

Mr. Welker also submitted a plan of the proposed sewer, the sewer to run under the property of Mr. Chambers. The plan was adopted.

A number of citizens presented a petition for the grading of Centre street. Referred to Committee on Streets, with power to act.

In regard to raising the streets, Mr. Welker reported that the Street Committee had proposed to the Pittsburgh and Birmingham Passenger Railway Company that the borough would furnish the gravel, provided the Company would furnish the cars.

On motion of Mr. Welker, the hay scales in the Diamond was referred to the Market Committee.

A number of citizens presented a petition for the removal of the Chief of Police for neglect of duty.

Mr. Ihmsen moved that it be referred to the Police Committee for investigation.

On motion of Mr. Welker, the grading of Liberty street, between Washington and Carson, and Grosvenor between Bingham and Neville, were awarded to Patrick Keating.

On motion of Mr. McIlwaine, the paving and grading for said streets were awarded to Patrick O'Neal.

On motion, Mr. Keating was allowed until September 15th to finish grading, and Mr. Neal until the 1st of November to finish paving.

A number of bills were presented and warrants drawn.

The Solicitor proposed an ordinance compelling parties wishing to lay water or gas pipes to procure a permit.

On motion of Mr. Ihmsen it was referred to the Burgess and Street Committee with power to have it corrected and published.

On motion of Mr. McIlwaine, the Finance Committee was instructed to negotiate for a loan of two thousand dollars, if they deem it necessary.

After the transaction of some unimportant business the Council adjourned.

Dr. Alex. Stevenson in Trouble.

This Pittsburgh "character" has been in Steubenville for some time, and concerning him the *Herald* of that place thus speaks: "The well known Bishop Stevenson, who has been sojourning here for some months past, laboring, he says, in the missionary cause, has been getting in trouble of an exceedingly disagreeable character. The Bishop, it appears, left a wife in Pittsburgh to whom he has been married for fourteen years and came to this city, representing himself as a widower, and as a minister of the Gospel. Since his stay here he has preached regularly at the Market or Court House every Sabbath afternoon, in a soul inspiring manner, and succeeded in causing the very stones to rise in mutiny against the cause of Satan, and the unrighteous ways of sinners. The Bishop now delights at a house of not very enviable repute in the southern suburbs of the city, and supported himself by voluntary subscriptions for the missionary cause, of which he represented himself as agent. The preaching and subscription paper business he pursued very well until Thursday evening, when a new actor appeared upon the scene in the form of the Bishop's deserted wife from Pittsburgh, armed with a marriage certificate, dated a half a score and a quarter years ago. She made complaint before Squire Junkin, against her husband, charging him with breaking the 'Seventh Commandment' and other little eccentricities too numerous at present to mention. Suffice it to say that the Bishop's cosy family arrangements below town were disturbed by the presence of the outraged wife, who appealed with pathetic tenderness to him to return to his home. The Bishop quoted Scripture as a quietus for the time being, and vamoosed for parts unknown with a remark that his usefulness was at an end in this field, and therefore he would depart. His wife lost track of him, and after a day's fruitless search, returned to her home in Pittsburgh."

Discharged on Habeas Corpus.

Margaret Frick, residing at Six Mile Ferry, in Baldwin township, was complained of by William Ellis, before Alderman Johns, of the Seventh Ward, on Tuesday, for disorderly conduct, was arrested, and, after a hearing, committed to jail. The officer who received the commitment, and who had custody of the woman, for some reason did not lodge her in jail until yesterday forenoon, about eleven o'clock. The case was brought before Judge Mellon, of the Common Pleas, on a writ of *habeas corpus*, and, after a hearing, the prisoner was discharged, on the ground that the magistrate had exceeded his authority, and that the commitment was defective.

No Place Else in the City—Can better or cheaper Boots, Shoes, Balmorals and everything else in this line, be found than at the time honored store of James Robb, No. 99 Market street.

The Allegheny Incendiary Case.

The arrest and discharge of Deboll Flockensheir, charged with having fired the house of Conrad Warner, in the Seventeenth ward, Allegheny city, on the 26th ult., and also subsequent developments leading to the belief that he was guilty of the charge, in connection with one Mark Oberdoble, have been noticed in the GAZETTE. Yesterday the accused had a hearing before Justice Arent, and in default of bail in the sum of $2,000 Flockensheir was committed for trial. Oberdoble procured bail in that amount and was released.

Twin City Lodge I. O. G. T.—A meeting of the Twin City Lodge, No. 858, I. O. G. T., was held in their Lodge on Tuesday evening, August 6th, when the following officers were elected to serve for the ensuing quarter: Rev. V. Lucas, W. C. T.; Miss Kate Richards, W. V. T.; Isaac Charles, W. Chap.; L. E. McElroy, W. Secretary; C. H. Kuhn, D. S. Assistant Secretary; W. H. Barker, W. Treasurer; W. E. Harbaugh, W. F. S.; W. Patterson, W. M.; Miss Sarah Souter, W. D. M.; Miss Mary Mumaw, W. L. G.; J. R. McClure, W. C. G.; Miss A. Dible, W. R. H. S.; Miss H. Dible, W. S. H. S.

Additional Local Matters on First Page.

MERCHANT TAILORS.

JULY REDUCTION!

OUR ENTIRE STOCK OF

BOYS', YOUTH'S AND CHILDREN'S

CLOTHING,

AT REDUCED PRICES!

GRAY & LOGAN,

No. 47 St. Clair Street.

HENRY G. HALE

NORTHWEST COR. PENN AND ST. CLAIR STS.

NEW SPRING GOODS,

JUST OPENED,

COMPRISING

All the Novelties of the Season,

Such as is only found in a

First-Class Merchant Tailoring Establishment.

mh8:n57

THIRD ARRIVAL

OF

SUMMER GOODS,

AT

E. HOUSTON & CO.'S,

FASHIONABLE

MERCHANT TAILORS,

AND DEALERS IN

Men and Boys' Clothing and Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods,

No. 107 Fifth St.,

CORNER OF CHERRY ALLEY.

All the latest styles and novelties in CLOTHS, CASSIMERES and VESTINGS.

Prices very reasonable and to suit the times.

jy11:n

Great Reduction in Prices.

SECOND ARRIVAL OF

Spring Goods,

Fresh from the Importers,

Which will be made up with care and dispatch, and at

GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

OWEN BYRNE,

Merchant Tailor,

No. 14 WYLIE ST.,

UNDER ASHLAND HALL.

ap30:n179

E. J. McGRATTY,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

S. W. corner DIAMOND and OHIO STREET, ALLEGHENY CITY.

A large assortment of Furnishing Goods always on hand.

A first class cutter will attend to custom work. jel7:n40

HENRY CAPPELL, Merchant TAILOR, and dealer in

Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods,

143 SMITHFIELD STREET,

Three door below Sixth. PITTSBURGH, PA.

All the latest Spring and Summer styles of Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings, always made up in the most fashionable style, at the lowest prices. my16:n118

A. YOUNG & CO.,

WHOLESALE DEALERS AND

Commission Merchants in

FLOUR, FEED,

AND PRODUCE GENERALLY

No. 555 Penn St.,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

my22:n

CITY COLLECTING AGENCY.

L. D. SMITH.....S. SEATON.....G. G. SEATON.

SMITH, SEATON & SEATON,

Local Collecting Agents,

No. 6 ST. CLAIR STREET, 2ND FLOOR,

P. O. BOX, 541. PITTSBURGH.

Bills of all descriptions taken for collection. No charge made, where Bills are not collected. jel7:n53

THE PEOPLE'S

TEA STORE,

Wilson & Underwood.

CHOICE FAMILY GROCERIES.

One of the cheapest and best wholesale and retail stores in the two cities.

No. 15 South West Diamond,

ALLEGHENY CITY.

Call and examine our stock and prices. ap27:xxi-67

TIN GUTTER AND SPOUTING,

On hand and put up to order.

Tin, Sheet Iron and Copper Ware

Made to order, at

GRAFTON'S

House Furnishing Store,

No. 66 Federal Street,

Near Railroad Depot, Allegheny City. Sign of the "Union Coffee Pot." ap18:wttsw

SAMUEL M. WICKERSHIMA

Iron Broker,

124 First Street,

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Agent for the sale of Cornwall, Donaghmore, Josephine, Isabella, Duncannon, Stanhope, Glendon, and other brands of Anthracite Pig Iron, Cochgeny Coke and Oliphant's C. B. Charcoal Pig Iron.

Consignments and orders respectfully solicited. ja14:n58

JAMES B. JONES,

DEALER IN

Scrap Iron, Light Iron,

CAST AND WROUGHT IRON,

ROPE, &c.

Corner Anderson Street and River Avenue, Allegheny City.

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J. & S. FRANCIS,

CARPENTERS AND BUILDERS.

Contracts taken for Buildings, Store Fronts, and Jobbing. Particular attention given to Heavy Framing for Foundries and Shops, of all descriptions.

Nos. 260 and 263 Robinson St., Allegheny City, Pa.

Resid. 263 Robinson St., Allegheny City, Pa.

WEST COMMON MACHINE STONE WORKS, Northwest Corner of West Common, ALLEGHENY.

FREDK. ALTVATER & CO.

Have on hand or prepare on short notice HEARTH AND HEARTH STONES, FLAGS FOR SIDE-WALKS, BREWERY VAULTS, &c., HEAD AND TOMB STONES, &c., &c. Orders promptly executed. PRICES REASONABLE. ap27:n111

C. B. M. SMITH,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law

AND SOLICITOR IN BANKRUPTCY.

Offices at 93 DIAMOND STREET.

my23:tu,th,s:71TH

GOOD NEWS.

CHEAP BREAD IN DEAR TIMES.

Enquire for WARD'S BREAD. The largest and best. The initials "H. W." on every loaf. Ward's. None else mh30:877

SPECIAL NOTICES.

W.M. BARNHILL & CO.,

BOILER MAKERS

AND

SHEET IRON WORKERS,

Nos. 20, 22, 24 and 26 Penn St.

Having secured a large yard and furnished it with the most approved machinery, we are prepared to manufacture every description of Boilers in the best manner, and warranted equal to any made in the country. Chimneys, Breeching, Fire Beds, Steam Pipes, Locomotive Boilers, Connections, Salt Pans, Tanks, Oil Stills, &c. jy17:n

LAKE SUPERIOR

COPPER MILL & SMELTING WORKS.

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PARK, McCURDY & CO.,

Manufacturers of Sheathing, Braziers' and Bolt Copper, Planed Copper Bottoms, Rolled Still Bottoms, Spelter Solder. Also Importers and Dealers in Metals, Tin Plate, Sheet Iron, Wire, &c. Constantly on hand Miners' Machines and Tools. Warehouse, No. 140 FIRST STREET and 149 SECOND STREET, Pittsburgh.

Agents for GIFFARD'S PATENT INJECTOR for feeding boilers. ja12:n52

SOMETHING NEW.—CALL and examine the new

SILVER-TIPPED SHOES.

They will wear twice as long as those without tips. Kept only by

WM. E. SCHMERTZ,

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QUINCY A. SCOTT,

DENTIST,

NO. 218 PENN STREET,

mh26:n95 PITTSBURGH.

TO MARRY OR NOT TO MARRY? WHY NOT? Serious Reflections for Young Men, in Essays of the Howard Association, on the Physical Errors, Abuses and Diseases Induced by Ignorance of Nature's Laws, in the Beginning of Manhood. Sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address, Dr. J. SHILLEN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa. my17:n142

GRAY'S GYMNASIUM,

FOURTH STREET.

Daily exercises from 8 till 10 o'clock. Gymnastics from 8 till 9 and from 11 to 12½, Prof. GRAY. Vocal Music from 9 till 10. Prof. GRAY. Elocution from 10 till 11, Miss LE ROW, of Boston. my12:n121

PARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN

that the partnership heretofore existing between O'HARA & ROBINSON is dissolved. Persons having claims against the said firm and those indebted to the same, will present their accounts at No. 6 Smithfield street, for the adjustment of the same.

O'HARA & ROBINSON,
M. O'HARA.

PITTSBURGH, July 26, 1867.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given to all persons not to purchase any of the goods, wares, merchandise, or material, belonging to the late firm of O'HARA & ROBINSON, without my individual signature is attached to each and every bill of sale of said goods, wares, merchandise or material, as I will repudiate each and every sale not made in accordance with this notice.

MICHAEL O'HARA.

PITTSBURGH, July 24, 1867. jy29:n93

A LIMITED PARTNERSHIP has been entered into, to commence from the 30TH DAY OF JUNE, 1867, and to continue to JUNE 30TH, 1868, between EMIL SCHALK, of the City of Pittsburgh, and CHARLES LENNIG, of the City of Philadelphia, State of Pennsylvania, the business to be that of dealing in and the refining of Petroleum, Coal or Shale Oils, and the disposal, in exhaustive use, of the articles used in the refining process, either for sale or further manufacture; to be conducted in the name of EMIL SCHALK, the General Partner, in the City of Pittsburgh. CHARLES LENNIG is the Special Partner, who has contributed thereto the sum of Fifty Thousand Dollars in cash.

EMIL SCHALK, General Partner.
CHARLES LENNIG, Special Partner.

Pittsburgh, June 15th, 1867.

Before me, A. S. NICHOLSON, an Alderman of the City of Pittsburgh, County of Allegheny, State of Pennsylvania, personally appeared EMIL SCHALK, and made affirmation that CHARLES LENNIG paid in the sum of $50,000 to the Partnership Capital of which he, the said EMIL SCHALK, is the General Partner.

Pittsburgh, June 15th, 1867. jel5:n54

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—The Partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, trading as Healthy Allegheny, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business of the firm will be settled by GEORGE GRAY, GEORGE GRAY, ROBT. LEDELL.

For T. B. Hamilton & Co., the Attorneys. June 10th, 1867—jel2:d&w3

IMPORTANT TO HOUSEKEEPERS—

FRANCE'S TEA MART,

No. 15 DIAMOND, PITTSBURGH,

You can buy the finest quality of TEAS, at the cheapest rate, at this store.

Sugars, Coffees and Groceries,

Of all kinds, of equally fine quality for the prices. TERMS CASH. Goods delivered free.

WM. FRANCE & SON,

jel6:n73 15 DIAMOND, Pittsburgh.

FOR SALE.—We have for sale several good second-hand

Iron Turning Lathes,

Especially adapted for turning axles. We offer the above at reasonable rates.

Also, ONE ENGINE, 10 inch cylinder, 20 inch stroke. ONE BOILER, 40 inches diameter, 20 feet long, two 15 inch flues.

Enquire at the INDUSTRIAL WORKS.

BUSH & BOLE & CO.,

Corner Point Alley & Duquesne Way.

jel6:n75 Pittsburgh, Pa.

I HAVE THIS DAY ASSOCIATED with me in business, FRANCIS G. HALLET, of Pittsburgh.

JOHN D. BAILEY.

July 1st, 1867.

JOHN D. BAILEY & BRO.,

STOCK AND REAL ESTATE BROKERS

AND AUCTIONEERS.

Are prepared to sell at Auction, Stocks, Bonds, and all kinds of Securities, Real Estate, Household Furniture, &c., either on the premises or at the Auction Rooms.

Particular attention paid, as heretofore, to the sale of Real Estate in the country.

Sales of Real Estate in the country attended. OFFICE, 70 FOURTH STREET. jy4

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THOS. S. CALHOUN

CARPENTER,

No. 167 Lacock Street, Allegheny City,

Manufacturer of every description of CRUDE OIL, CONDENSING and WATER

TANKS.

AGITATORS built on the most improved system. IRON TANK BOTTOMS and TOPS, and all kinds of work and thicknesses, done for refining on the most reasonable terms and at the shortest notice. my27:n95

WALL PAPER!

AT REDUCED PRICES!

TO SUIT THE TIMES!

At No. 107 Market Street.

JOS. R. HUGHES & BRO.

jy4

JOHN ROSS.....JOHN ENABLE.....JOHN H. BOYD.

PITTSBURGH LAMP COMPANY.

JOHN ROSS & CO.,

No. 23 Wood St., Pittsburgh, Pa.,

Manufacturers of

LAMPS, LAMP BASES, CHIMNEYS, LANTERNS, ETC

Also, dealers in everything pertaining to the Lamp Trade.

TUMBLERS, TABLE WARE, WINDOW GLASS, and everything in the Glass Line.

SUNDAY SCHOOL CELEBRATIONS, PICNICS, DINNER PARTIES, &c., furnished with the best

ICE CREAM, CONFECTIONARIES,

CAKES, FRUITS, &c.,

At the lowest prices and on the shortest notice, by

JULIUS RICKTER

No. 10 DIAMOND, Allegheny.

jel6:n66

SIGN OF BLINDS.—JOHN A. BROWN & CO., 116 SMITHFIELD STREET opposite the Postoffice keep on hand, or make promptly to order, a variety of elegant Venetian Blinds of price 25c. and upwards. New style of Window Shades, $1.50 and upwards. Colored Gilt Cornices, Rods, Loops, Tassels, Gimps, Mats, Bind and Picture Cords and Tassels. Also at the same store, on hand or made to order, a fine stock of White and Calico shirts, Collars &c., for gentlemen's wear. my27:n91

GEORGE HEAVEN,

CANDY MANUFACTURER,

And dealer in Foreign and American FRUITS, NUTS, &c.

113 FEDERAL STREET, second door from the First National Bank, Allegheny City. jy28

CHARLES REIZENSTEIN,

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(Fourth door above Diamond.)

Glass, China Ware & Table Cutlery

At EASTERN PRICES. Everything required in a first class store on hand. Call and examine our goods.

THE QUEEN OF THE WASHTUB.—The Staple Right for Maryland, with privilege of manufacture of a

PATENT WASHING FLUID.

Which, wherever introduced, has met with universal success, will be sold on reasonable terms.

J. R. HAMILTON,

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TO GLASS MANUFACTURERS.

FOR SALE—All the FIRESES, MOULDS, and other valuable tools formerly used by the Missouri Glass Company, St. Louis, Mo.

For full particulars address WALLACE & WALKER,

PH. R. MERTZ,

BANKER AND BROKER,

118 Wood St., near corner of Fifth.

Government Securities,

Gold, Silver,

And Coupons,

Bought and sold on liberal terms. Drafts sold on all the principal cities of Europe.

JAS. T. BRADY & CO.,

Bankers,

Corner Fourth & Wood Streets,

BUY AND SELL ALL KINDS OF

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

Are now converting into the

NEW 5-20'S GOLD BOND OF 1867,

All other issues, including all series of 7-30's, 6's of 1881, 5-20's of 1862, 5-20's of 1864, 5-20's of 1865, and Compound Interest Notes.

TO HOLDERS OF 7-30'S.

Having made special arrangements with

Jay Cooke & Co.,

Our correspondents, we are prepared to convert 7-30's into 5-20's of 1865.

Bonds on Hand for Delivery.

IRA B. McVAY & CO.,

Bankers.

CORNER FOURTH AND SMITHFIELD STS. ma15:t:35

7-30 BONDS

CONVERTED INTO

5-20 BONDS, 1865,

WITHOUT CHARGE.

Stocks bought and sold on commission in New York, Philadelphia and Boston.

ROBINSON BROS.,

No. 78 FOURTH STREET.

The Pittsburgh Gazette

JAMES DALZELL & SON,

69 and 70 Water Street,

LARD OIL MANUFACTURERS,

And dealers in CRUDE, LUBRICATING and CARBON OILS.

We warrant our No. 1 Lard Oil equal to the best Cincinnati, or other brands, and propose to sell as low as Cincinnati or Chicago rates.

Our No. 2 Lard Oil as a Lubricator cannot be excelled.

Duck Creek Lubricating and standard brands of Carbon Oil constantly on hand.

Merchants and manufacturers will find it to their interest to give us a call before ordering Lard Oil from the East. fe26:1

FINANCE AND TRADE.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, WEDNESDAY, August 7, 1867.

The New York stock quotations to-day, as received by Mr. P. R. Mertz, were as follows: Gold, 140¾; Eighty-one bonds, 111; Five Twenties, 1862, 113¾; Five Twenties, 1864 110¾; Five Twenties, 1865, 109¾; Consols, 108¾; Seven Thirties, 107⅛; Ten Forties, 102⅝. Stocks—Erie Railroad, 90¾; Chicago and Cleveland, 93; Chicago and Rock Island, 103½; Chicago and Northwestern, 67¾; Chicago and Northwestern preferred, 71¾; Fort Wayne Railroad, 106½; Michigan Southern Railroad, 81¾; New York Central, 105¾; Reading, 106; Western Union Telegraph Company, 46¾. Mining shares—Corydon, 1,10; Quartz Hill, 1,90; Gregory, 6,40; Smith & Parmalee, 2 60; Quicksilver, 32¾.

Closing New York quotations received by James T. Brady & Co.:

U. S. Sixes, 1881	111¾
" 5-20s, 1862	113¾
" " 1864	110¾
" " 1865	110¾
" 5 " 1867	108¾
" 10-40s	102¾
" Consols	108¾
August 7-30s	107¾
June 7-30s	107¾
July 7-30s	107¾
Dec. Compounds, 1864	117¾
Gold	140¾
Silver	132¾

—The New York *Daily Bulletin* has the following excellent remarks on the course of the recent bank failures:

"The case of the Unadilla Bank failure affords another example of the effects of the system now coming into vogue of paying interest on deposits. This system is almost invariably competition and speculation. Banks will be led to outbid each other until they finally offer seven per cent., as in the case of the Unadilla Bank. Of course, no legitimate banking business can pay this amount of interest in the ordinary condition of the money market, and it is difficult to extend much sympathy to the Unadilla depositors, who fell victims to their own cupidity.

"The late failures illustrate the chief defect in the system of National Banks, which offers facilities for the establishment of banks in districts where there are not essential to the business interests of the community. Banks established under such circumstances are always weak; in the absence of local business they are insensibly led into speculation; this, however, is by no means a necessary accompaniment of our system of National banks. In due time the concerns that are not required for local trade will disappear. The superfluous banks are being eliminated, and perhaps the process would be accelerated by an increased stringency on the part of the Banking Department at Washington, combined with a closer scrutiny and watchfulness on the part of the public. The majority of our banks are sound concerns, and are above suspicion in all their relations to their business and management; but the great evil is that there is occasionally a bank that never ought to have had any existence, which finally brings discredit on the whole system. The sooner the superfluous institutions go into liquidation the better for the community at large."

—The New York *Stockholder*, of last week, the following in regard to Express stocks:

The transactions for the week have been large, on a rising market for all, even Wells-Fargo. Of this last some 7000 to sixty shares for seven time held by the traders were thrown upon the market and sold at 67 to 70. The market which stood this supply, and rose thereupon fell somewhat immediately after. We quote as yesterday: Adams, 73¾@73¾; United States, 73; Wells-Fargo, 67¾@68. Dealings in Stuff active. Of Merchants' Union but trifling amounts are offered, and the whole bulk of it seems firmly held. This indicates in the face of the recent great confidence on the part of the shareholders. This company seems to be steadily gaining in public favor The earnings of June and July, much beyond the estimates, are in excess of those of any previous months. The added income, soon to be realized from the People's Dispatch Line, the Company's fast freight arrangement, will add largely to the resources. Arrangements for rigid economy in all particulars of expenditure are now perfected, the extraordinary expenses incident to the starting of so vast an enterprise being over, and the managers, instead of engaging in speculations to affect the market price of their stock, seem rather to be busying themselves in making their stock valuable by diligence and economy in the management of the business.

—The supply of money is still superabundant. Loans are made on Government issues at rates at 7 per cent., and the leading dealers in the latter are, in exceptional cases, enabled to borrow considerably under seven at less. The general rate on mixed collaterals is 8 per cent., but houses in good credit are offered loans at 4. The amount of commercial paper seeking discount is light, and all the best is discounted at legal rates by the banks. There are as yet no indications of a continued outward drain of currency, although some of the western journals remarked about a week ago that the exchanges were turning in favor of that section of the country. Some remittances were made just then on account of the wool crop; but the westward current to move breadstuffs has not set in, and when it does it will be gradual, as several weeks must elapse before it can exert any material influence upon the condition of the money market at the east, beyond an advance of perhaps 1 per cent. in the rate of interest.—*Phila. Ledger.*

More About Petroleum.

MESSRS. EDITORS: How long will the present stagnation continue! is a question daily asked. We think the only correct answer is, until our refiners stop shipments. We found in June a necessity for stopping our works. How much greater the need now! with a greatly diminished stock of crude and an advance of nearly 100 per cent. in its price, and only about 20 per cent. advance in refined, and with the certainty of a loss, at the present prices, of 4 to 6 cents per gallon and the alarming fact of a great deficiency of speculative sales to favored soon with a good full bulk rise in the Allegheny river.

Is it wisdom for us to push off our oil to the east faster than vessels are put up to take it! The moment it is known we have stopped our works, as in July. Then to fifteen days stoppage of shipments will advance the price of oil in Philadelphia at least one dollar per barrel. The reports in June of Pittsburgh refiners stopping advanced the Antwerp market from 27 to 41 francs in three or four days. Liverpool from 1 to 1/40. Philadelphia from 21¾ to 24, and made spot oil very active at the advance. Whereas, before it had been as now, very dull, self protection should induce us to hold back shipments. We found on the trial that Pittsburgh has a controlling influence on the eastern markets, and, when we say prices must go up, if we will only follow our words by action, up they will go, and probably to thirty-five cents. REFINER.

Philadelphia Cattle Market.

PHILADELPHIA, August 1.—Beeves.—With a falling off in the receipts of about 1000 head, as compared with those of the previous week, the market has somewhat improved, but still the volume of the business continues on a moderate scale. Notwithstanding the belief that prices must shortly take a downward turn, farmers are not hurrying forward their stock. The most active movement since our last has been in common grades, on which an advance of ¾c. and in many instances fully ½ per lb has been realized; sales of 1726 head at 11@17¼c per pound for choice; 16½@16¾c for prime, and 13@15c for common. A lot of West Virginia steers were taken at 6½@8¼c per lb gross, and a lot of Delaware at 8@9c per lb, gross. No lots were taken for shipment.

Sheep—Buyers have been coming forward slowly, and the offerings of 6000 head were largely in excess of the demand; sales at 8@9½c per lb, gross.

Hogs—An improved demand has prevailed, and supplies were taken as fast as they arrived at 9¾@10.50 per 100 lbs net, according to quality. Receipts, 3,000 head.

New York Dry Goods Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, August 7.—Dry Goods trade is beginning to assume more animation particularly in woolens, although the market is still far from active; holders are very firm and all low priced plain cotton, both in bleached and brown, are tending upward. Standard; yard wide, Brown sheetings steady; four yard sheetings are much in demand at 32c. Bleached goods of better qualities in good supply and steady, but light 4 to 5/4 yard goods are ½c. firmer. Goods like the above continue very scarce. Colored cottons generally steady. Printed calicoes in limited request. Delaines in moderate demand.

New York Cattle Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, August 7.—The receipts of Cattle at Hudson City since Monday were 2,632 head. Prices are ½@1c lower; best quality 16½c; fair 14@15c; ordinary 13c. Sheep and Lambs; receipts 6,000 head; prices firm at a slight advance.

Cambridge Cattle Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CAMBRIDGE, August 7.—Beef Cattle—Receipts, 678 head; there are large supplies and prices are 50c. lower; extra $12.25@13, first quality at 11@12c. Sheep and Lambs—receipts 6,048 head; sales at 3@5½c; spring lambs $2,50@4.

Chicago Cattle Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CHICAGO, August 7.—Beef cattle are very dull and 50c@$1 lower, at $5,50@6 for the best shipping. Hogs are active and steady at $6,60@7 for common to best grades. Sheep are active at $4,50@4,80.

Financial Matters in New York.

Gold Closed at 140¾.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, August 7, 1867.

MONEY AND GOLD.

Money market easy and steady at 6@7 per cent. Sterling lower and heavy at 109½@109¾. Gold a trifle higher, opening at 140¾, declining to 140 and closing at 140¾.

GOVERNMENTS.

Government stocks more active and a shade firmer; Coupons, 1881, 111¾; do, 1862, 113½; do, 1864, 110½; do. 1865, 110½; do, new, 108½; August 7-30s, 107⅞; June and July 107¾.

STOCKS

Higher and somewhat unsettled during the day; closing dull and a little heavy.

5 30 P. M., prices—Ohio Certificates 28@28¼; Canton 50¼@51; Cumberland 34@37; Quicksilver, 32¾@33¾; Mariposa 10@10¼; Western Union Telegraph 46¾@46¾; Pacific Mail 140¾@140½; Atlantic Mail 111¾@112; New York Central 105¾@105¼; Erie 71¾@71⅝; Hudson 120@121⅝; Reading 105¾@106¼; Michigan Central 110; Michigan Southern 81@81¾; Illinois Central 117½; Pittsburgh 90¾@91¾; Toledo 123¾@124. Rock Island 102¾@103; Northwestern 67@67¼; do preferred, 71¾@71¾; Fort Wayne, 106¾@106½; St. Paul 57¾; Wabash 51¼; New Tennessee 6s, 67¾.

EXPRESS SHARES.

Adams Express, 73¾@74; American, 73@ 75; United States, 73@73¾; Wells, Fargo & Co., 67¾@67¾; Merchants Union, 16½@17.

MINING SHARES.

Mining shares are depressed; Gregory, 6,25; Corydon, 1,10; Quartz Hill, 1,05@1,75; Smith & Parmlee, 5,40; El Dorado, 2,50@2,55; Davidson, 2,15.

SUB-TREASURY RECEIPTS.

The receipts at the Sub-Treasury to-day were $3,817,047; payments, $2,210,494; balance, $233,680,256. The Government sold about half a million dollars in coin to-day.

SHIPMENT OF SPECIE.

The shipment of specie to Europe to-day was only $7,000.

The *Commercial* says: It is reported that private cable dispatches are in town from London, quoting Western mixed Corn as selling in Liverpool to-day at 35s. 6d. per quarter.

New Orleans Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW ORLEANS, August 7.—Cotton is firm with sales of 650 bales low middlings at 29c. Receipts—196 bales. Exports—570 bales. Louisiana Sugar—stock light; there is only a local trade; Cuba, fair to prime, 13¾@14c. Molasses, 48@50c. Flour is firmer; trade active, $11,37½@12,50, and $13,50@13,75. Corn is firmer, with sales at $1,05@1,25. Oats, sold soon as landed, at $1,15. Pork, sales were made at $25,50@25,75. Bacon shoulders are in good jobbing demand at 13½c. and clear sides 15c. Gold, 140. Sterling, 152½@154. New York Sight Exchange ½c premium.

Buffalo Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BUFFALO, August 7.—Flour steady; sales of 6,000 bbls. at $16,00@10,50. Wheat is dull, Car lots of No. 2 Chicago at $1,90 and new white Michigan at $2,30. Corn, no live offered and firm; sales of 70,000 bu. No. 2 mixed western at $1,00, and 72,000 bu. do, to arrive, $1,02; also 20,000 bu. rejected, at $0@0c. Oats, Barley, Meas Pork, Lard and Highwines are nominally unchanged. Receipts—Wheat, 30,000 bu.; Corn, 95,000 bu. Oats, 4,000 bu. Flour, 4,500 bbls. The shipments, were of wheat, 15,000 bu. Corn, 84,000 bu. Oats, 13,000 bu.

Baltimore Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BALTIMORE, August 7.—Coffee; Rio dull; stock large; the market favors buyers. Flour easier and nominal. Wheat, prices generally declined 10c; better grades 5c. Corn active, ranging at $1,16@1,21 for white, mostly $1,18; yellow $1,18. Oats; 70@75c for new; receipts large. Provisions firm. Bacon active and unchanged. Whisky steady and unchanged. Sugars firm; fair to good refining 12½@12¾c. For the last four months, buyer's option, quotations may be fairly given at 12@12½c. For the last eleven coats may be regarded as the ruling price, against 10¾ yesterday, and 10@10¾ on Monday. The increased firmness may be attributed to the improved character of the advices from the East, but as already stated, the transactions were unusually light.

REFINED—The market for bonded oil was firm and more active to-day, and, indeed, towards evening, there seemed to be a little excitement. Spot oil, although firmer, is unchanged; but the last four months, buyer's option, closes at an advance of fully one cent per gallon; towards evening there were plump offers to buy at 32½c, and possibly, 33c might have been obtained. The sales were:

1000 bbls.	500 each October and Nov.	31¾c
2000 "	500 Sept., Oct., Nov. and Dec.	32c
2000 "	" " "	32¼c
2000 "	" " "	32½c
500 "	prime light straw to white	33c

OIL SHIPPED EAST BY A. V. R. R.

Wightman & Anderson, 200 bbls refined to P. Wright & Sons, Philadelphia.

Forsyth, Bro. & Co., 266 do do do to W. G. Warden, Philadelphia.

Lockart & Frew, 500 do do do, Philadelphia.

Clark & Sumner, 57 do do to P. Wright & Sons, Philadelphia.

H. H. Bynum, 90 do do crude, to W. Lincoln & Co., Boston.

O. B. Jones, 112 do refined to F. A. Dilworth & Co., Philadelphia; 49 do do to W. Logan & Bro., Philadelphia.

New York Produce Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, August, 7.—Cotton sensibly so firm, but unchanged; the sales of 950 bbls. Flour; Receipts 8,837 bbls. The market is dull and declining for new and rather irregular for old, closing with Wheat Flour; sales of 6,800 bbls at $6,20@7,40; for superfine State and western; $7,65@7,50 for extra western; $10,00@13,50, for choice do, $9,10@10,00; shipping Ohio, $10,10@12,00; trade brands, $9,50@ 15,00 new St. Louis; included in sales; 4000 bbls. at $9,00@13,50, for choice do, $10,00@13,50; heavy; 800 bbls at $12,00@14,50. Rye Flour is firm; sales of 350 bbl. at $6,15@6,40. Whisky is unchanged. Grain receipts—Wheat, 10,000 bu.—the market is 2@3c better for old; new opened heavy and closed rather more steady; Sales of 41,000 bu. at $1,70 for No. 3 spring; $1,96@2,02; No. 2 do, $2,10@2,15; $2,20@2,30 new amber State and Georgia, $2,45@2,55 for new white Southern and $2,65 for white California. Rye is more active; sales of 10,000 bu. at $1,45@1,50. Western. Receipts of 47,700 bu. Corn and the market 2@3c better; $1,08@1,10, at $1,12@1,18; new mixed Western, $1,08@1,20; for unsound, $1,02@1,04 for kiln dried, and $1,18@1,20 white western, closing heavy. Receipts 1000 bu oats and more active; sales 61,000 bu at 78@ 80c for old western; 91c for new Ohio; sellers for August 75c. Rice dull. Coffee firm. Sugar easier; Cuba 11¼@12c. Molasses dull. Rosin quiet. Petroleum quiet and declining, at 14c for crude; 27@28c for refined in bond. Leather steady. Wool dull and heavy; sales 130 lbs at 45@47c, for domestic fleece. Pork heavy and lower; sales 6,250 bbls at $22,75@ 23,12 for new mess, closing at $22,87 regular; $22,50 old; do, $19,75 prime mess, $17 for prime mess. Beef firm; sales 210 bbls. Beef hams dull. Bacon quiet. Cut meats quiet but articles unchanged. Lard steady for shoulders; 15½@18c for hams. Lard heavy and unchanged; sales 725 bbls. Butter steady, at 18@28c for Ohio. Cheese firmer. Freights to Liverpool easer; 3,600 bu corn by steamer at 4½@5d, and 5d on wheat.

LATER.—Flour closed 10@15c lower for New, and very firm, with a fair demand for Old and New, with rather more export inquiry, especially for Old; 14,000 bbls Western; Oats firm, at 80@83c for Old Western, 90@91c for new Ohio on spot, and 75c seller all this month; 120,000 bu. sold at 91@92c for second. New Mixed Western, and $1,08@1,10 for Unsound do. Pork firmer; sales of 900 bbls Mess $22,40@23 for cash and regular. Beef quiet and unchanged. Cut Meats dull. Bacon quiet and unchanged. Lard quiet, at 15@15¾c for fair to prime Steam, and 15¾@16¾c for kettle rendered.

Detroit Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

DETROIT, August 7.—Flour scarce and in good demand at $11,00@11,25 for white. Wheat steady and active; requires $2,01@2,02 for white on spot, and $2,15 to arrive; of amber there are no receipts and prices are nominal at $2,01@2,05.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO R. R., August 7.—3 cars iron ore, Shoenberger & Blair; 15 bdls wheels, M Wilson agency; 1 car wheel, Ferson & Co; 10 tes dry beef, F Sellers; 84 bbls flour, Haworth, McDonald & Co; 3 cars staves, M P Adams; 1 caddie tobacco, Cassper, Moyer & Co; 50 bbls highwines, S McCrickart & Co; 25 bxs cheese, W M Gormley; 25 do do, Vangorder & Shepard; 15 do do, Kingsbridge, Bro & Co; 50 do do, E Hesniston; 20 do do, Shriver, Spencer & Co; 20 do do, Shields & Bonner; 5 bbls eggs, Arterwerp & Reasby; 1 do do, W J Steel & Co; 1 bbl bacon, H Rea Jr; 1 caddie tobacco, J S Dilworth & Co; 5 bgs cornmeal 18 do feed, J Hinkle; 29 sks corn, J S Nevin & Co; 66 sks wheat, Keil & Ritchart; 2 cars corn, D Wallace; 50 half bbls fish, Arbuckles & Co; 15 bgs millfeed, 200 flour Shoemaker & Lang 200 do do, J B Doe; 1 car wheat, J S Liggett & Co; 1 car corn, R T Kennedy; 1 car rye, Kennedy & Lothrop; 100 bbls flour, Culp & Sharpe; 100 bbls flour, Dan Wallace.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD, August 7—21 bbls scrap iron, J Moorhead; 1561 pillets iron, Nimick & Co; 300 blooms iron, Phillips Bro & Co; 91 do do, Main & Maxwell; 172 bdls, G N Hoffstott; 1 bx tacks, J T Patterson; 10 bbls pot ash, McKee & Bro; 10 bbls tobacco, S Ewart & Co; 20 do do, Reis & Co; 6 cars iron ore, Bryan & Caughey; 2 do do, Zug & Co; 19 bbls copper, T M Howe; 500 bgs malt, Carson, Harlington & Co; 10 bxs cheese, J Daub; 2 cars brick Anderson, Cook & Co; 50 sks oats, 1 bbl eggs, Graff & Reiter; 6 barrels molasses, J Corcoran; 1 bbl whisky, W F McLaughlin; 1 bbl eggs, W H Kirkpatrick & Co; 3 do do, Voigt & Co; 3 do do, 8 pkgs butter, lot sundries, J H Graham; 1 car clay, S Kier & Co.

ALLEGHENY STATION, August 7—99 sks rye, H Knox & Son; 1 car staves, J Logan; 1 do do, Bell & Hadley; 1 do do, Hahn & Hadley; 1 do do, soap, Hahn & Hadley; 28 bxs oats, Jos Craig; 1 car staves, J Logan; 1 do do, Bell & Hadley; 42 gallons stoneware, J Bowman & Bro; 200 do do, Beckwith & Nicholson; 39 sacks hair, H Streeg; 2 bbls eggs, 10 bxs cheese, C Reader; 1 car millfeed, M Steel & Son; 217 bags malt, Smith & Co.

PITTSBURGH AND CONNELLSVILLE R. R, August 6.—112 sks wheat, Irvine & Stoneman; 98 bdls paper, Markle, Dinkey & Son; 1 car flour, Hoover & Wilson; 1 do do, Heather, Cope & Co; 10 do scrap iron, Barnes & Morgan; 13 bdls sand, Lewis Elsisior; 54 sks wheat, J S Liggett & Co; 107 bdls paper, Geo H Allen; 2 do do, Armstrong & Co; 49 coils rope, Fulton, Bollman & Co; 7 kgs nails, Baithis, Ayer & Co;

H. B. LYON,

Sealer of Weights and Measures,

No. 5 FOURTH STREET,

Between Liberty and Ferry streets, Orders promptly attended to. no13:n:99

HOLMES, BELL & CO.,

Anchor Cotton Mills, Pittsburgh,

Manufacturers of HEAVY, MEDIUM & LIGHT

ANCHOR AND MAGNOLIA

SHEETINGS AND BATTING.

FOR SALE.

ONE 3 INCH ENGINE, 30 inch stroke, new, on iron bed plate.

One second-hand OSCILLATING ENGINE, 9 inch, by 15 inch stroke.

One 4 inch second-hand ENGINE, 14 inch stroke, horizontal, on iron bed plate.

One 10 horse power ENGINE, 4 inch stroke, second-hand.

The above will be sold cheap, for cash, at

ANDREWS & ARMSTRONG'S

MACHINE SHOP,

Corner Sandusky and Water Streets, my30:n:15 ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.

WASHINGTON AVENUE.—We, the undersigned appointed Viewers, to assess the damages for the widening of Washington Avenue, record of War., Allegheny, from the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago Railway to Pasture lane, do hereby give notice that we will meet on the premises, on SATURDAY, August 24, 1867, at 2½ o'clock, P. M., for the discharge of their appointment.

A. C. ALEXENDER,
ROBT. STEWART,
JAMES GRAHAM,
Viewers.

WE WILL KEEP ON HAND and make to order all kinds of Spring and plain WAGONS, CARTS, DRAYS, WHEELBARROWS, TRUCKS, LOCUST HUBS, And TURNED SPOKES, HAY RAKES and FORKS,

At Duquesne Wagon Works, near the Penitentiary, Allegheny City.

COLEMAN, FORRESTER & CO.

CHEAPEST PLACE IN THE CITY to buy the **TRIUMPH COOKING STOVE,** Is at No. 125 GRANT STREET.

P. C. DUFFY

JOHN PECK, ORNAMENTAL HAIR WORKER AND PERFUMER, 924 Fourth street, one door from Wood, Pittsburgh. Always on hand a general assortment of Ladies' Hair Nets, Bands, Curls, Gentlemen's Wigs, Toupees, Scalps, Guard Chains, Bracelets, &c. A good price in cash will be given for Raw Hair.

Ladies' and gent'emen's hair-cutting done in the neatest manner. my28:n:

MADISON STARCH AGENCY.— Just received.

400 boxes, 40 lb.,	Pearl starch;
200 " 40 lb.,	do;
100 "	Corn do.;
50 "	River Glass Starch.

For sale low to the trade by the agents,

SCHOMAKER & LANG.

ap21:n:100

GREEN ALLEY.—NOTICE IS hereby given that the Report of the Viewers appointed to assess benefits and damages for the opening of GREEN ALLEY, Third ward, Allegheny, from the present terminus to Chestnut street, a distance of 129 feet, has been filed in Court, at No. 304, July Term, 1867, and will be confirmed, unless objections are filed in proper time. JOHN C. McCOMBS, Solicitor.

je26:n:70

DRIED FRUITS.

200 bbls choice half Peaches;
20 do quarters do;
10 do Mixed do;
100 bushels good Dry Apples;
90 do prime do;

Just received on commission and for sale low to the trade.

SCHOMAKER & LANG, 17 and 19 Wood street.

FIRE SCREENS

OF A NEW STYLE,

On canvas, with oil paintings and gold and velvet frames, a

107 MARKET STREET.

JOS. R. HUGHES & BRO.

EGGS! EGGS! EGGS!

Just received and receiving (by Express, daily,) fresh selected EGGS, from the best Ohio packers.

HENRY REA, Jr.,

ly30:n:178 35 Liberty St., foot of Seventh.

PITTSBURGH ROPE WORKS.

FULTON, BOLLMAN & CO.,

Manufacture the best

CORDAGE,

OAKUM,

AND

TWINES, in every variety.

Warehouse, 114 & 115 Water St.

Call or send for Circular. ap13:n:48

RIVER NEWS.

The Cora S. swung on a root at the head of Henderson bar on the 4th, and stove a hole in her hull, which caused her to rapidly fill with water. She was worked up on the bar as far as possible, and lies straight and easy with her water half way up the nosing of her lower guards. The freight was being taken out, and she will be readily raised.

The strike on the Northern Line packets is about ended. All the boats have crews and receive and discharge freight without difficulty.

An Italian, named Crevo, was killed on board the Dan Able, between Vicksburg and Memphis recently.

Dye & Thayer, of St. Louis, propose to the people of Mobile to put a line of packets through into the St. Louis and Mobile trade. They proposed to construct one boat as an experiment, as there is no boat afloat which combines the necessary qualities to render her a good river and sea vessel. She will cost about $150,000 complete.

The hull of the old Duke of Argyle, lying at the head of the canal at Louisville, has been on fire for several days. She was cut loose by the ice at Cincinnati last winter, and drifted down there.

A Major Sweeney jumped overboard at Floyd Smith's on the Arkansas, a short time since, and was drowned. He was crazy.

It is expected that the steamer Ben Franklin will be chartered by parties at Louisville to convey citizens up the river to witness the fight between Aaron Jones and Mike McCoole, which is set for the 30th. The *Democrat* says Louisville will send a big delegation. McCoole was a deck hand on the Lebanon three or four years ago.

A skeleton was recently found on the wreck of the Missouri, fastened down to the deck by the engineer's gong.

The Natchez *Courier*, of Wednesday, says: Miss Maggie Wyrick, who in company with her friends, was on her way from Muscatine to Kansas City, was robbed night before last of her money and also her tickets on the steamer Dubuque. A dispatch was sent M. Block, the agent of the line in this city, stating the facts. He immediately sent to Quincy the number of the tickets lost, and they will be renewed at that port.

The following circular has been issued by Secretary McCulloch, of the Treasury Department, and addressed to the local inspectors of steamboats at New York:

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
WASHINGTON, August 5, 1867.

GENTLEMEN: You are required, under the inspection laws, once in every year, to examine the hull, boiler, machinery and equipment of each steamer belonging to your district, and so from time to time thereafter granting a certificate. The inspections and approval includes the locked safety valve as well as all other equipments. It is your duty to see that each locked valve is made in its dimensions to conform substantially to the rules prescribed by the Board of Supervising Inspectors, and that it is free from obstructions in its operation and in good working order. By the terms of Treasury circular No. 3, of June 7, 1867, the owner or owner of any steamer is left free to apply any locked valve to his boilers that he may select, except it be one of the five named in the circular, or some other of equal merit. Rule 45 prescribed by the Board of Supervising Inspectors requires one locked valve of the proper dimensions for a single boiler, or for a plurality of boilers is so arranged that it can be closed by a shut-off valve.

The locked valves are to be applied to all steamers carrying passengers, freight steamers, and steamers towing passenger vessels.

HUGH MCCULLOCH.

A St. Louis telegram, under date of Monday, has the following: River still declining slowly. Upper Mississippi rising at and below Dubuque. Wheat steady and inactive. Upper Mississippi falling, and almost down to a usual state at St. Cloud. Total decline ten feet. Business brisk and improving. Three cargoes daily coming in from each of the upper rivers and departing. The Mary McDonald enters the Vicksburg trade in place of the Nan Daily.

A Cairo telegram to the Cincinnati *Commercial*, under date of Monday, says: The Government steamer Gen. Totten ceased operations to-day, and lays up here on account of sickness among the crew, principally chills and fevers. No cases of cholera since the death of engineer died. The Totten has entirely removed the wreck of the Gilmore, blowing it up with nine torpedoes. The search made for the bell of the Courier proved it entirely covered with sand. There is no wreck now in the way of steamers except the Black Hawk, which will be contract for removal by the Saivor Wrecking Company.

STEUBENVILLE, August 4.—The many friends in Cincinnati of Wm. H. Shouse, a well known steamboat man, formerly of this city, regret to learn that he died on Friday night last, of consumption, after a protracted illness. The funeral takes place to-day, Sunday, from the residence of his brother, Capt. John Shouse, in Steubenville.

The New Albany *Commercial*, of Saturday, says: Last night a difficulty occurred at the Israel House, which came near being a very serious affair. The facts, as we gather them, are about as follows: Capt. Ritchie called at the Israel House, and inquired for Captain Burnet, of the steamer Tom Jasper. He was at supper, but soon coming out, an altercation ensued. Capt. Ritchie called Captain Burnet some hard names, when the latter attempted to strike the former, but was prevented by his wife. In the meantime Capt. Ritchie drew his revolver, and attempted to shoot. The inexperienced hand failed to fire, and thus saved shedding of blood. The cause of the difficulty was some trouble about a position on the Jasper.

COMMISS'N MERCHANTS.

F. SELLERS & CO.,

PORK PACKERS,

And Manufacturers of

LARD OIL,

New Bacon, Beef and Tongues

Will be ready for delivery on Monday, 26th inst.,

Choice Sugar-Cured Hams;
Do do do Beef;
Do do do Beef Tongues;
Do do do Dried Beef and Bacon;
Plain Cured Bacon Shoulders;
Do do do Sides.

At reduced prices and of excellent quality, from this date we shall only supplied Wholesale Articles in the Provision trade. ja10:n:69

BREWER, BURKE & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

AGENTS FOR THE

Pacific, Globe & Liberty Oil Works,

Ample Storage for Crude and Refined Oil. Liberal cash advances made on consignments of Crude or Refined Petroleum. Tanks for storage at Oil Works, Parkersburg, Oil City and Lawrenceville.

Office and Warehouse, Corner of Duquesne Way and Hancock street, Pittsburgh. my16:n:98

ROBERT KNOX, Jr.,

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

And dealer in

FLOUR, GRAIN AND PRODUCE,

Office, 413 LIBERTY ST., Pittsburgh.

L. J. BLANCHARD,

WHOLSALE AND RETAIL

GROCERS,

396 Penn Street.

ap18:n:159

KEIL & RITCHART,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

AND DEALERS IN

Flour, Grain, Seeds, Mill Feed, &c.

349 LIBERTY STREET,

my24:n:97 PITTSBURGH, PA.

OWENS & KENNEDY,

PRODUCE COMMISSION MERCHANTS and Wholesale Dealers in FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC FRUITS, SALT, FLOUR, BUTTER, POTATOES, &c., and in Provisions and Produce generally, No. 76 FEDERAL STREET, opposite the Railroad Depot. ALSO,

Agents for the sale of Z. Y. Hite's, Donnell & Kilman's and J. Adams' Flour.

ALEX. M'KANE, ... J. B. ANJER.

M'BANE & ANJER,

Commission Merchants,

Dealers in FLOUR, GRAIN and PRODUCE generally, No. 91 WATER, above Smithfield street, Pittsburgh. 1y9

FETZER & ARMSTRONG,

FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

for the sale or Flour, Grain, Bacon, Lard, Butter, Seeds, Oil of Vitriol and Produce generally, No. 16 Market Street, corner of First, Pittsburgh. fe22:n:83

RONT. KNOX ..... ANDREW KNOX

R. KNOX & SON, Commission MERCHANTS and Dealers in FLOUR, GRAIN, MILL FEED and PRODUCE generally, No. 79 Diamond, opposite City Hall, Allegheny City. ja1 7:37

DAV. CRAWFORD, Commission MERCHANT in PIG METAL, BLOOMS ORE, WROUGHT SCRAP IRON, FIRE BRICK and COAL, Nos. 205 and 207 WATER STREET, and 268 PENN STREET. Storage furnished. Consignments solicited. oc3

LITTLE, BAIRD & PATTON, Wholesale Grocers, Commission Merchants, and Dealers in Produce, Flour, Bacon, Lard, Fish, Carbon and Land Oil, Iron, Nails, Glass, Cotton Yarns and all Pittsburgh manufactures generally 13 and 114 Second street, Pittsburgh.

P. REYMER ..... J. S. REYMER ..... WM. D. REYMER.

REYMER & BROS., (Successors to Reymer & Anderson,) Wholesale Dealers in Foreign Fruits, Nuts and Spices, Confectionery, Sugars, Fireworks, &c., Nos. 128 and 130 Wood street, above Diamond alley. my25:n:

JOHN B. CANFIELD, Commission and Forwarding Merchant and wholesale dealer in Western Reserve Cheese, Butter, Lard, Pork, Bacon, Flour, Fish, Pot and Pearl Ashes, and Oils, Dried Fruit, and Produce generally, Nos. 144 and 146 Front street, Pittsburgh Pa.

H. RIDDLE, No. 183 Liberty St., Pittsburgh, Pa., Commission Merchant, and Wholesale Dealer in Country Produce, Groceries and Pittsburgh manufactures. Cash advanced on Consignments, and paid for Produce generally. oct7

JOHN I. HOUSE, EDWARD HOUSE, WM. H. HOUSE.

JOHN I. HOUSE & BROS., Suc- cessors to JOHN I. HOUSE & CO., Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants, No. 127 corner of Smithfield and Water streets, Pittsburgh. ja26:n:70

SCHOMAKER & LANG, Whole- sale dealers in Groceries, Flour, Grain, Provisions, Fish, Cheese, Salt, Carbon Oil, Nos. 172 and 174 Wood Street, near Liberty Street, Pittsburgh. ap20:n:156

JOHN SHIPTON ..... A. WALLACE.

SHIPTON & WALLACE, Whole- sale GROCERS AND PRODUCE DEALERS, No. 6 Sixth Street, Pittsburgh. ja11:n:8

CITY TREASURER'S OFFICE, }
PITTSBURGH, June 14th, 1867. }

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to the Tax Payers of the City of Pittsburgh that the City Treasurer is now ready to receive, at his office, No. 119 Fourth street, the following Taxes, on which a discount of FIVE PER CENT. will be allowed up to the 1ST DAY OF AUGUST NEXT, viz:

CITY TAX;
BUSINESS TAX;
POOR TAX;
CITY BUILDING TAX;
And WATER RENTS.

The State Mercantile License is likewise due, and must be paid on or before JULY 1st, in order to save ft. S. ALLINDER, Treasurer

je17:n:88

MEDICAL.

CONSUMPTION!

It would take a man a lifetime to read the treatises that have been written upon this important subject, and if a sick man were to attempt it he would make himself worse by the reading, and die before he got half through. The symptoms of the disease are, hacking cough, expectoration of matter or pus, pain in one or both lungs, chilliness, burning in the palms of the hands and soles of the feet, exhausting day of night sweats, hectic fever, wasting of flesh or marasmus, sometimes expectoration of blood. These are the usual outward symptoms, apparent not only